Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
1	If the type rating is to be endorsed on a national license during the transitional period, the requirement of the JAR-FCL 1.285 may be substituted by the national ATPL(A/H) theoretical examination.	JAR-FCL 1.250 (a)(4) and 2.250(a)(3)	FCL/C 1999/3	no	
2	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 2 and JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 2] paragraph 15 (d) have complete 1,000 hours pilot-in-command flight time of which a minimum of 500 hours shall be on flying instructional duties related to the flying courses conducted of which 200 hours may be instrument ground time	Appendix 1a to JAR-FCL 1.055 and Appendix 1a to JAR-FCL 2.055	FCL/C 2000/3	NPA-FCL 14.1 and 14.2	
3	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4] Applicants having experience of at least 500 hours as a pilot in multi-pilot operations in accordance with JAR-OPS on single pilot aeroplanes JAR/FAR-23 Commuter Category, shall be considered to meet the requirement of Multi-Crew Co-operation (MCC).	JAR-FCL 1.250 (a)(3)	FCL/C 2000/4	NPA-FCL 1 – 16 and 2 – 17	Proposed text has been transferred to NPA-FCL 1-19 and 2- 20
4	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 3] Period of validity. A medical certificate shall be valid from the date of the initial general medical examination and for (1) Class 2 medical certificates, 60 months until age 30, 24 months until age 50, and 12 months thereafter.	JAR-FCL 3.105(a)	FCL/C 2000/4	NPA-FCL 3 -15	
5	 [Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3 and JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] (a) Frequency. A JAA Member State will provide the opportunity for an applicant to complete the required examinations in accordance with the procedures set out in this Subpart J. A complete examination for a license or instrument rating will comprise an examination in each of the subjects detailed in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470 / 2.470. 	JAR-FCL 1.480 and JAR-FCL 2.480	FCL/C 2000/6	NPA-FCL 1 – 16 and 2 - 17	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
6	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3 and JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] (a) A pass in an examination paper will be awarded to an applicant achieving at least 75% of the marks allocated to that paper. There is no penalty marking. (b) Subject to any other conditions in JARs, an applicant will be deemed to have successfully completed the required theoretical knowledge examination for the appropriate pilot license or rating when awarded a pass in all of the required subjects within a period of 18 months, counted from the end of the calendar month when the applicant first attempted an examination. (c) An applicant shall re-enter the complete examination for an initial attempt if he has failed to pass any single examination paper within four attempts, or has failed to pass all papers within either six sittings or the period mentioned in paragraph (b) above. Before re-entry to the examinations the applicant shall undertake further training as determined by the Authority. (d) An applicant failing to pass all the relevant examination papers, or whatever lesser number of papers is allowed by JAR-FCL, within the time and sitting limits specified in paragraphs (b) and (c) above will be required to re-enter the complete examination.	JAR-FCL 1.490 and 2.490	FCL/C 2000/6	NPA-FCL 1 – 16 and 2 - 17	
7	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3 and JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] (a) A pass in the theoretical knowledge examinations given in accordance with JAR-FCL 1/2.490 will be accepted for the grant of the CPL(A)/CPL(H) or IR(A)/IR(H) during the 36 months from the date of gaining a Pass in all the required examination papers. (b) Provided that an IR(A)/IR(H) is obtained in accordance with (a) above, a pass in the ATPL(A)/ATPL(H) theoretical knowledge examination will remain valid for a period of 7 years from the last validity date of the IR(A)/IR(H) entered in the CPL(A)/CPL(H) for the issuance of an ATPL(A)/ATPL(H). (c) A pass in the ATPL(A) theoretical knowledge examination will remain valid for a period of 7 years from the last validity date of a type rating entered in an F/E license.	JAR-FCL 1.495 and JAR-FCL 2.495	FCL/C 2000/6	NPA-FCL 1 - 16 and 2 - 17	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
8	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3 , JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3 and JAR-FCL 4 Amdt.2] (b) — When issuing or revalidating/renewing a rating the Authority may extend the validity period of the rating until the end of the month. This date will remain the expiry date of the rating as long as the revalidation/renewal requirements are fulfilled. (b) Validity of the licence and revalidation of a rating (1) The validity of the licence is determined by the validity of the ratings contained therein and the medical certificate (see IEM FCL 1.025). (2) When issuing, revalidating or renewing a rating, the Authority may extend the validity period of the rating until the end of the month in which the validity would otherwise expire, that date remains the expiry date of the rating.	JAR-FCL 1.025(b), JAR-FCL 2.025(b), and JAR-FCL 4.025(b)	FCL/C 2001/1	NPA-FCL 1 - 16, 2 - 17, and 4 - 18	
9	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 2] new para 3 (b): For MPA: The applicant shall pass all sections of the skill test/proficiency check. Failure of more than five items will require the applicant to take the entire test/check again. Any applicant failing 5 or less items shall take the failed items again. Failure in any item on the retest/check including those items that have been passed at a previous attempt will require the applicant to take the entire check/test again.	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295	FCL/C 2001/1	NPA-FCL 14.1	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
10	[Withdrawn, due to amendment of JAR-FCL 1.065, published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3] Long term exemption for Malta until 1 July 2002 that training and testing could take place in another JAA member State, based on a bilateral agreement between Malta and the other JAA member State.		FCL/C 2001/2 and LST # 3		1 July 2002, extended to 1 July 2005
11	Iceland can authorise an AME in Luxembourg for revalidation/renewal of medical certificates. This AME will remain under the Icelandic AMS supervision	-	FCL/C AO 2001/3	-	
12	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3] JAR-FCL 1.416 and 1.417 MCCI	-	FCL/C 2001/3	NPA-FCL 1 - 16	
13	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] Helicopter Types : AS 332 C AS 332 C1 AS 332 L AS 332 L Have all the same licence endorsement : AS332	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.220	FCL/C 2001/4	NPA-FCL 2 - 17	
14	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] Helicopter Types : AS332L2 AS332LP Have the licence endorsement : AS332L2/332LP Between AS332L2 and AS332LP differences training is required.	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.220	FCL/C 2001/4	NPA-FCL 2 - 17	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
15	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3]	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.220	FCL/C 2001/4	NPA-FCL 2 - 17	
	Helicopter Types:				
	BK117 B-2 BK117 C-1 BK117 C-2 (EC145)				
	Have the licence endorsement : BK117				
	Between BK117 B-2, BK117 C-1 and BK117 C-2 (EC145) differences training is required.				
16	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3]	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.220	FCL/C 2001/4	NPA-FCL 2 - 17	
	Helicopter Types:				
	AS350 B 3 EC130 B 4				
	Have the licence endorsement: AS350B3/EC130B4 Between AS350B3 and EC130B4 differences training is required.				
17	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3]	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.220	FCL/C 2001/4	NPA-FCL 2 - 17	
	Helicopter Types:				
	EC135 T CDS EC135 P CDS				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	EC135 T CPDS EC135 P CPDS Have the licence endorsement: EC135 Between EC135 T CDS/ EC135 P CDS and EC135 T CPDS/ EC135 P CPDS differences training is required.				
18	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] - Paragraph 3 3 (a) The applicant shall pass sections 1 through 5 all sections of the skill test/proficiency check. Failure in more than one section 5 items will require the applicant to take the entire test/check again. If any item in a section is failed, that section is failed. An applicant failing only one section not more than 5 items shall take the failed items again. Failure in any item of the re-test/re-check including those items that have been passed at a previous attempt will require the applicant to take the entire test/check again. All sections of the skill test/proficiency check shall be completed within 6 months.	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.240 & 2.295	FCL/C 2001/4	NPA-FCL 2 - 17	
19	[Withdrawn , see reference # 32] The proposal for new ophthalmic and visual requirements Class 1 and Class 2 was accepted for NPA by FCL/C. It was agreed that the full text can be used by the Authorities as long term exemption immediately. However, the State accepting the proposal as long term exemption shall guarantee the medical examinations and assessments are performed completely in accordance with the proposal.	JAR-FCL 3.215 Ophthalmological requirements (Class 1) JAR-FCL 3.335 Ophthalmological requirements (Class 2)	FCL/C 2001/4	NPA-FCL 3 - 15	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(Two-yearly extended examinations performed by ophthalmologists or vision care specialists for all Class 1 applicants requiring visual correction and for Class 1 applicants over age 40).	JAR-FCL 3.220 Visual requirements (Class 1)			
	applicants over age 40).	JAR-FCL 3.340 Visual requirements (Class 2)			
		JAR-FCL 3.345 Colour perception (Class 2)			
		Appendices 12, 13 and 14 to Subparts B & C			
20	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4]	JAR-FCL 1.410 paragraph (a)(7)	FCL/C 2001-5	no	30 June 2003, and NPA-FCL
	Due to the increased security measures introduced by many JAA National Aviation Authorities and the USA Federal Aviation Administration following the terrorist attacks of 11 September 2001, the following Long Term Exemption has been agreed by the JAA FCL Committee; The SFI(A) requirement in JAR-FCL 1.410 paragraph (a)(7) to complete at least 3 route sectors as an observer on the flight deck of an applicable type may be replaced by observing 2 LOFT based simulator sessions conducted by qualified crew. These simulator sessions will include,				1.19
	- Flights between 2 different airports of at least 2 hours duration each;				
	 Associated Preflight planning and Debriefing. 				
	This exemption is granted until 31 May 2002, unless previously revoked, varied or extended by the JAA FCL Committee (or Licensing Sectorial Team)				
	Once the security situation permits and this exemption expires, any SFI(A) qualifying under the exemption shall meet the requirements of JAR-FCL 1.410 paragraph (a)(7) prior to the revalidation of the SFI(A) authorisation.				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
21	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3] paragraph (1) (d) boxes (d)(2) and (e)(2) to read : " > 500 on multi-pilot aeroplanes, or in multi-pilot operations on single-pilot aeroplanes JAR/FAR 23 commuter category in accordance with JAR-OPS 1 or equivalent national operational requirements."	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.005	LST # 1 Full	NPA-FCL 1 - 16	
22	Exemption to JAR-FCL 1.015 paragraph (b)(2) on further validations.	JAR-FCL 1.015	LST # 6 Full and LST # 13 Full LST # 21 Full	-	Dec 2008
23	A JAA-NAA may authorise Medical Examiners (AMEs) located in another JAA Member State, provided that: (1) JAR-FCL has not been implemented by the JAA-NAA where the AME is located, (2) following authorisation the AME shall report to and be supervised by the JAA-NAA that issued the AME authorisation, Appendix 1 the AME shall be restricted to carrying out standard periodic revalidation / renewal assessments, and (4) the JAA-NAA where the AME is located agrees with the AME authorisation	JAR-FCL 3.090(a)	LST # 2 AO	-	
24		JAR-FCL 1.005 and	LST # 2	NPA-FCL	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3 and JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] New definition of Flight Time Flight time (aeroplane) : The total time from the moment an aeroplane first moves for the purpose of taking off until the moment it finally comes to rest at the end of the flight. Flight time (helicopter) : The total time from the moment a helicopter's rotor blades start turning until the moment the helicopter finally comes to rest at the end of the flight, and the rotor blades are stopped.	2.005	Full	1 – 16 and 2 – 17	
25	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] Appendix 1 Pre-requisite conditions for training: An applicant for the issue of a first type rating for a multi-pilot helicopter type shall: (1) have at least 400 70 hours as pilot-in-command of helicopters except that an applicant for a multi-pilot type rating graduating from a CPL(H) integrated course who has less than 70 hours as pilot-in-command of helicopters shall have the type rating issued limited the privileges to co-pilot privileges only. To remove this limitation, an applicant shall: (i) have completed 70 hours as pilot-in-command or PICUS of helicopters; and (ii) have passed the multi-pilot skill test on the applicable helicopter type as pilot-in-command in accordance with JAR-FCL 2.262(b).	JAR-FCL 2.250	LST # 2 Full	NPA-FCL 2 – 17	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	 (2) hold a certificate of satisfactory completion of MCC. If the MCC course is to be added to the type rating course (see JAR-FCL 2.261 and 2.262 and AMC FCL 2.261(d) and IEM FCL 2.261(d)), this requirement is not applicable; and Appendix 1 (i) for a VFR type rating have completed the course and passed the examination in accordance with JAR-FCL 2.160 (a) and (b); or (ii) for a type-rating including IR(H) privileges hold a CPL(H) and IR(H) or meet the requirements of JAR-FCL 2.285 and hold an IR(H). 				
26	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 4] SUBPART B – CLASS 1 MEDICAL REQUIREMENTS JAR-FCL 3.140 Cardiovascular System – Coronary Artery and Ischaemic Heart Disease (a) Applicants with suspected cardiac ischaemia shall be investigated. Those with asymptomatic minor coronary artery disease, requiring no treatment may be considered fit by the AMS if the investigations in paragraph 5 Appendix 1 to Subpart B are completed satisfactorily. (b) Applicants with symptomatic coronary artery disease, or with cardiac symptoms controlled by medication, shall be assessed as unfit. I After an ischaemic cardiac event (defined as a myocardial infarction, angina, significant arrhythmia or heart failure due to ischaemia, or any type of cardiac revascularisation) initial Class 1 certification is not possible. Renewal or	JAR-FCL 3.140	LST # 2 Full	NPA-FCL 3 – 21	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	revalidation may be considered by the AMS if the investigations in paragraph 6 Appendix 1 to Subpart B are completed satisfactorily.				
27	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 4]	JAR-FCL 3.260	LST # 2 Full	NPA-FCL 3 – 21	
	SUBPART C – CLASS 2 MEDICAL STANDARDS JAR-FCL 3.260 Cardiovascular System – Coronary Artery and Ischaemic Heart Disease (a) Applicants with suspected cardiac ischaemia shall be investigated. Those with asymptomatic, minor, coronary artery disease, requiring no treatment, may be considered fit by the AMS if the investigations in paragraph 5 Appendix 1 to Subpart C are completed satisfactorily. (b) Applicants with symptomatic coronary artery disease, or with cardiac symptoms controlled by medication, shall be assessed as unfit. I After an ischaemic cardiac event (defined as a myocardial infarction, angina, significant arrhythmia or heart failure due to ischaemia, or any type of cardiac revascularisation) Class 2 certification may be considered by the AMS if the investigations in paragraph 6 Appendix 1 to Subpart C are completed satisfactorily.				
28	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 4] Appendix 1 to Subparts B & C – Cardiovascular System 5 In suspected asymptomatic coronary artery disease, exercise electrocardiography shall be required, followed, if necessary, by further tests (myocardial perfusion scanning, coronary angiography or other equivalent investigations acceptable to the AMS) which shall show no evidence of myocardial ischaemia or significant coronary artery stenosis.	JAR-FCL 3	LST # 2	NPA-FCL 3 – 21	
	6 After an ischaemic cardiac event, including revascularisation, applicants without symptoms shall have reduced any vascular risk factors to an appropriate level.				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Drugs when used only to control cardiac symptoms are not acceptable. All applicants should be on acceptable secondary prevention treatment.				
	<u>A coronary angiogram</u> obtained around the time of, or during, the ischaemic cardiac event shall be available. A complete and detailed clinical report of the ischaemic event, the angiogram and any operative procedures shall be available to the AMS.				
	There shall be no stenosis more than 50% in any major untreated vessel, in any vein or artery graft or at the site of an angioplasty/stent, except in a vessel leading to an infarct. More than two stenoses between 30% and 50% within the vascular tree should not be acceptable.				
	The whole coronary vascular tree shall be assessed as satisfactory by a cardiologist acceptable to the AMS, and particular attention should be paid to multiple stenoses and/or multiple revascularisations.				
	An untreated stenosis greater than 30% in the left main or proximal left anterior descending coronary artery should not be acceptable.				
	<u>At least 6 months</u> from the ischaemic cardiac event, including revascularisation, the following investigations shall be completed:				
	(a) An exercise ECG (symptom limited to Bruce stage 4 or equivalent) showing no evidence of myocardial ischaemia nor significant rhythm disturbance.(b) An echocardiogram (or equivalent test acceptable to the AMS) showing satisfactory left ventricular function with no important abnormality of wall motion (such as dyskinesia or akinesia) and a left ventricular ejection fraction of 50% or more.				
	I In cases of angioplasty/stenting, a myocardial perfusion scan (or equivalent test acceptable to the AMS) which shall show no evidence of reversible myocardial ischaemia. If there is any doubt about myocardial perfusion in other cases (infarction or bypass grafting) a perfusion scan will also be required.				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Appendix 1 Further investigations, such as a 24 hour ECG, may be necessary to assess the risk of any significant rhythm disturbance. Follow-up shall be yearly (or more frequently if necessary) to ensure that there is no deterioration of cardiovascular status. It shall include a review by a specialist acceptable to the AMS, exercise ECG and cardiovascular risk assessment. Additional investigations may be required by the AMS. After coronary artery vein bypass grafting, a myocardial perfusion scan (or equivalent test acceptable to the AMS) shall be performed if there is any indication, and in all cases within five years from the procedure. In all cases coronary angiography, or an equivalent test acceptable to the AMS, shall be considered at any time if symptoms, signs or non-invasive tests indicate cardiac ischaemia. AMS assessment: Successful completion of the six month review will allow Class 1 applicants to fly multi-pilot (OML). Class 2 applicants may fly unrestricted, but the AMS may require a period of flying with a safety pilot before solo flying is authorised. Class 2 applicants (for renewal/revalidation) can fly, at the discretion of the AMS, with a safety pilot limitation (OSL) having completed at least an exercise ECG to the standards in 6 (a) above.				
29	[Withdrawn, published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 3 and JAR-FCL 2 Amdt. 3] (b) In circumstances acceptable to the Authority of the State of licence issue, and where the requirements of paragraph (a) above are not completed under the authority of one JAA Member State, an agreement may be made with another JAA National Authority for the applicant for a licence to complete the required training and testing under the authority of that other State. Any such agreement shall allow for the theoretical knowledge training and examinations, medical examination and assessment and flight training and testing conducted in the other JAA Member State in accordance with JAR-FCL to be accepted by the State	JAR-FCL 1.065 and 2.065	LST # 2 Full	NPA-FCL 1 – 16 and 2 – 17	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(a) An applicant shall demonstrate the satisfactory completion of all requirements for licence issue to the Authority of the State under whose authority [the initial medical examination and assessment and] the training and testing for the licence were carried out. Following licence issue, this State shall thereafter be referred to as the 'State of licence issue' (see JAR-FCL 1.010(c)). Appendix 1 In circumstances agreed by both Authorities, an applicant who has commenced training under the responsibility of one Authority may be permitted to complete the requirements under the responsibility of the other Authority. The agreement shall allow for: (1) theoretical knowledge training and examinations; (2) medical examination and assessment; (3) flight training and testing, The Authorities shall agree the 'State of licence issue'.				
30	Amendment to paragraph(a): Before being permitted to begin an approved course of training for a FI(A) rating an applicant shall have: Appendix 1 at least a CPL(A) or completed at least 200 hours of flight time of which at least 150 hours shall be as pilot-in-command if holding a PPL(A);	JAR-FCL 1.335	LST # 3 Full	NPA-FCL 1 – 19	
31	Amendment to paragraph 5 Appendix 1 Subject to any other conditions in JAR-FCL, an applicant shall be deemed to have successfully completed the theoretical knowledge	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.130 & 1.135 and Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.130 &	LST # 3 Full	NPA-FCL 1 – 19 and 2 – 20	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	examinations for the PPL(A)/(H) when awarded a pass in all parts within a period of 18 months.	2.135			
32	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 3] Complete NPA-FCL 3 – 15 (Medical)	JAR-FCL 3	LST # 4 Full	NPA-FCL 3 – 15	
33	 Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4] JAR-FCL 1.120 Experience and crediting An applicant for a PPL(A) shall have completed at least 45 hours flight time as a pilot of aeroplanes; a total of 5 hours of this 45 hours may have been completed in a BITD (see Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.125), a FNPT or a flight simulator. Holders of pilot licences or equivalent privileges for helicopters, microlight helicopters, gyroplanes and microlights having fixed wings and moveable aerodynamic control surfaces acting in all three dimensions, gliders, self-sustaining gliders or self-launching gliders may be credited with 10% of their total flight time as pilot-in-command in such aircraft up to a maximum of 10 hours towards a PPL(A). Appendix 1 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.125 PPL(A) training course – Summary New paragraph 4, others to be renumbered! BASIC INSTRUMENT TRAINING DEVICES (BITD) A BITD may be used for flight training for: flight by reference solely to instruments; navigation using radio navigation aids (see exercises paragraph 3 above); and basic instrument flight (see AMC FCL 1.125, exercises 18C and 19) 	JAR-FCL 1.120, Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.125 and AMC FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(4)	LST # 5 Full	NPA-FCL 1 – 19	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	The use of the BITD is subjected to the following: the training shall be complemented by exercises on an aeroplane; the record of the parameters of the flight must be available; and AFI(A) shall conduct the instruction. Appendix 1 AMC FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a) (4) CPL(A) modular course Instrument flight training [All exercises may be performed in a FNPT I or II or a flight simulator. If instrument flight training is in VMC, a suitable means of simulating IMC for the student should be used.] ABITD may be used for the following exercises 9, 10, 11, 12, 14 and 16. The use of the BITD is subject to the following: the training shall be complemented by exercises on an aeroplane; the record of the parameters of the flight must be available; and AFI(A) shall conduct the instruction.				
34	 [Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4] - Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(1) - ATP(A) integrated course, paragraph 13(e)(i): (e) 115 hours of instrument time comprising: (i) 50 hours of instrument flight instruction of which up to 25 hours may be instrument ground time in a FNPT I, or 40 hours if all the instrument ground training is conducted in an FNPT II or flight simulator. 	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(1), Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(2) and Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.205.	LST # 5 Full	NPA-FCL 1 – 19	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	With the agreement of the approving Authority not more than 10 hours of FNPT II or flight simulator instrument ground time may be conducted in a FNPT I.				
	- Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(2) - CPL(A)/IR integrated course, paragraph 12(e)(i):				
	(e) 100 hours of instrument time comprising:				
	(i) 50 hours of instrument flight instruction of which up to 25 hours may be instrument ground time in a FNPT I or 40 hours if all the instrument ground training is conducted in an FNPT II or flight simulator. With the agreement of the approving Authority not more than 10 hours of FNPT II or flight simulator instrument ground time may be conducted in a FNPT I.				
	- Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.205, paragraphs 9 and 10 :				
	FLYING TRAINING				
	9 A single-engine IR(A) course shall comprise at least 50 hours instrument time under instruction of which up to 20 hours may be instrument ground time in a FNPT I, or up to 35 hours in a flight simulator or FNPT II, if agreed by the Authority. With the agreement of the approving Authority not more than 10 hours of FNPT II or flight simulator instrument ground time may be conducted in a FNPT I.				
	10 A multi-engine IR(A) course shall comprise at least 55 hours instrument time under instruction of which up to 25 hours may be instrument ground time in a FNPT I, or up to 40 hours in a flight simulator or FNPT II, if agreed by the Authority. With the agreement of the approving Authority not more than 10 hours of FNPT II or flight simulator instrument ground time may be conducted in a FNPT I. The remaining instrument flight instruction shall include at least 15 hours in multi-engine aeroplanes.				
35	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4]	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL	LST # 5	NPA-FCL	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Appendix 1 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.130 & 1.135 [See Annex I to this list]	1.130 & 1.135	Full	1 – 19	
36	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4] - Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295, paragraph 10: 10 An applicant for the initial issue of a multi-pilot aeroplane type rating or ATPL(A) shall be required to operate as 'pilot flying' (PF) during all sections of the test/check, except item 2.6 and abnormal and emergency procedures items 3.4.0 to 3.4.14 and items 3.6.0 to 3.6.9 which may be conducted as PF or PNF in accordance with Multi-Crew Co-operation (in accordance with Appendix 2 to 1.240 & 1.295). The applicant for the initial issue of a multi-pilot aeroplane type rating or ATPL(A) shall also demonstrate the ability to act as 'pilot not flying' (PNF). The applicant may choose either the left hand or the right hand seat for the test/check.	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295	LST # 5 Full	NPA-FCL 1 – 19	
37	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4] JAR-FCL 1.245 Type and class ratings – Validity, revalidation and renewal Appendix 1 Single-pilot single-engine class ratings – Validity and Revalidation. Single-pilot single-engine class ratings are valid for two years from the date of issue, or the date of expiry if revalidated within the validity period. (1) All single-engine piston aeroplane class ratings (land) and all touring motor glider's ratings - Revalidation. For revalidation of single-pilot single-engine	JAR-FCL 1.245	LST # 6	NPA-FCL 1 – 19	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	piston aeroplane (land) class ratings and/or touring motor glider class ratings the applicant shall:				
	 (i) within the three months preceding the expiry date of the rating, pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendices 1 and 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 or Appendices 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.210 with an authorised examiner in the relevant class; or 				
	(ii) within 12 months preceding the expiry of the rating complete 12 hours flight time in a single engine piston aeroplane the relevant class including :				
	(A) 6 hours of pilot-in-command time;				
	(B) 12 take-offs and 12 landings; and				
	(C) a training flight of at least one hour's duration with a FI(A) or CRI(A). This flight may be replaced by any other proficiency check or skill test.				
38	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4]	Appendix 1a to JAR-FCL 1.055 paragraph 11.	LST # 7	NPA-FCL 1.19 and NPA-FCL	
	Appendix 1a to JAR-FCL 1.055 Flying Training Organisations for pilot licences and ratings			2.20	
	11 The FTO shall satisfy the Authority that an adequate number of qualified, competent staff are employed. For integrated courses, three persons on the staff shall be employed full time in the following positions:				
	Head of Training (HT)				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Chief Flying Instructor (CFI) Chief Ground Instructor (CGI) For modular training courses, these positions may be combined and filled by one or two persons, full time or part time, depending upon the scope of training offered. At least one person on the staff must be full time. At FTOs conducting theoretical knowledge instruction only, the positions of HT and CGI may be combined. The nominated person shall have a sound managerial capability, hold or have held a professional pilot licence related to the course to be conducted with ratings as appropriate and shall meet the requirements set out in paragraph 19 below.				
39	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4] New paragraph JAR-FCL 1.245 (g):	JAR-FCL 1.245	LST # 8	NPA-FCL 1.19	
	(g) Compliance with JAR-OPS				
	The revalidation requirements of JAR-FCL 1.245 (b) will be met when an applicant operating under JAR-OPS 1 fulfils the Operator Proficiency Check requirements contained in JAR-OPS 1.965, and if the operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Authority that the mandatory items from Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295 or Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 are fulfilled during the 12 months prior to the revalidation in accordance with JAR-OPS 1.965(a)(2). For this purpose the Operator Proficiency Check shall be performed in the three months immediately preceding the expiry date of the rating.				
40	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 1 Amdt. 4]	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295	LST # 8	NPA-FCL 1.19	
	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295 Skill test and proficiency check for aeroplane type/class ratings and ATPL (See JAR-FCL 1.240 through 1.262 and 1.295) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.261(a))				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(See AMC FCL 1.261(a)) (See IEM FCL 1.240(1) and (2))				
	1 The applicant shall have completed the required instruction in accordance with the syllabus (see also Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.261(a) and Appendices 2 & 3 to JAR–FCL 1.240). When recommended by a Joint Operational Evaluation Board (JOEB) and agreed by the Authority, the syllabus may be reduced to give credit for previous experience on similar aircraft types. The administrative arrangements for confirming the applicant's suitability to take the test, including disclosure of the applicant's training record to the examiner, shall be determined by the Authority.				
	2 Items to be covered in skill tests/proficiency checks are given in the applicable Appendix 2 & 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240. When recommended by a JOEB and agreed by the Authority, credit may be given for skill test items common to other types or variants where the pilot is experienced on that other type. These credits shall not apply during a skill test for the ATPL. With the approval of the Authority, several different skill test/proficiency check scenarios may be developed containing simulated line operations. The examiner will select one of these scenarios. Flight simulators, if available and other training devices as approved shall be used.				
41	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 4] JAR-FCL 3, Appendix 1 to Sub-Parts B and C, para 10 (b)(5):	JAR-FCL 3, Appendix 1 to Sub-Parts B and C, para 10 (b)(5):	LST # 8 and amended by LST # 9	NPA-FCL 3.21	
	Appendix 1 Mitral leaflet prolapse/mitral regurgitation. Asymptomatic applicants with isolated mid-systolic click may need no restriction. Applicants with uncomplicated minor regurgitation shall may need to be restricted to multi-pilot operations as determined by the AMS. Applicants with evidence of volume overloading of the left ventricle demonstrated by increased left ventricular end-diastolic diameter shall be assessed as unfit. Annual Periodic review by a cardiologist acceptable to the				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	AMS and assessment as determined by the AMS is required.				
42	Appendix 1 Authorisation. An AME will be authorised for a period not exceeding three years. Authorisation to perform medical examinations may be for Class 1 or Class 2 or both at the discretion of the Authority. To maintain proficiency and retain authorisation an AME should complete at least ten aeromedical examinations each year. For re-authorisation the AME shall have completed an adequate number of aeromedical examinations to the satisfaction of the AMS and shall also have undertaken relevant training during the period of authorisation (see AMC FCL 3.090). Authorisation is invalid after the AME reaches 70 years of age.	JAR-FCL 3.090 (e)	LST # 9		
43	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 4]	JAR-FCL 3.145	LST # 9	NPA-FCL 3.21	
	JAR-FCL 3.145 Cardiovascular system – Rhythm/conduction disturbances				
	(a) Applicants with significant disturbance of supraventricular rhythm, including sinoatrial dysfunction, whether intermittent or established, shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(b) Applicants with asymptomatic sinus bradycardia or sinus tachycardia may be assessed as fit in the absence of underlying abnormality.				
	I Applicants with asymptomatic isolated uniform atrial or supraventricular or ventricular ectopic complexes need not be assessed as unfit. Frequent or complex forms require full cardiological evaluation in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(d) In the absence of any other abnormality, applicants with incomplete				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	bundle branch block or stable left axis deviation may be assessed as fit.				
	(e) Applicants with complete right or left bundle branch block require cardiological evaluation on first presentation and subsequently in compliance with <i>appropriate items in</i> paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(f) Applicants with complete left bundle branch block shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(g) Applicants with first degree and Mobitz type 1 A-V block may be assessed as fit in the absence of underlying abnormality. Applicants with Mobitz type 2 or complete A-V block shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(f) (h)Applicants with broad and/or narrow complex tachycardias shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS subject to compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(i) Applicants with ventricular pre-excitation shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS subject to compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(g) (j) Applicants with an endocardial pacemaker shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS subject to compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
	(k) Applicants who have received ablation therapy shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart B.				
44	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 4]	JAR-FCL 3.265	LST # 9	NPA-FCL 3.21	
	JAR-FCL 3.265 Cardiovascular system - Rhythm/conduction disturbances				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(a) Applicants with significant disturbance of supraventricular rhythm, including sinoatrial dysfunction, whether intermittent or established, shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(b) Applicants with asymptomatic sinus bradycardia or sinus tachycardia may be assessed as fit in the absence of underlying abnormality.				
	I Applicants with asymptomatic isolated uniform atrial or supraventricular or ventricular ectopic complexes need not be assessed as unfit. Frequent or complex forms require full cardiological evaluation in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(d) In the absence of any other abnormality, applicants with incomplete bundle branch block or stable left axis deviation may be assessed as fit.				
	(e) Applicants with complete right or left bundle branch block require cardiological evaluation on first presentation and subsequently in compliance with <i>appropriate items in</i> paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(f) Applicants with complete left bundle branch block shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(g) Applicants with first degree and Mobitz type 1 A-V block may be assessed as fit in the absence of underlying abnormality. Applicants with Mobitz type 2 or complete A-V block shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(f) (h)Applicants with broad and/or narrow complex tachycardias shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS subject to compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(i) Applicants with ventricular pre-excitation shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS subject to compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(g) (j) Applicants with an endocardial pacemaker shall be assessed				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS subject to compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
	(k) Applicants who have received ablation therapy shall be assessed as unfit. A fit assessment may be considered by the AMS in compliance with paragraph 8 Appendix 1 to Subpart C.				
45	[Withdrawn , published in JAR-FCL 3 Amdt. 4] Appendix 1 to Subparts B & C Cardiovascular System	Appendix 1 to Subparts B & C Cardiovascular System	LST # 9	NPA-FCL 3.21	
	8 (a)Any significant disorder of rhythm or conduction disturbance requires evaluation by a cardiologist acceptable to the AMS and appropriate follow-up in the case of a fit assessment.				
	(a) Such evaluation shall include:				
	(1) a resting and exercise ECG to Bruce Stage IV, or equivalent, which a cardiologist acceptable to the AMS interprets as showing no significant myocardial ischaemia. Myocardial scintigraphy/stress echocardiography may be required if the ECG is abnormal at rest;				
	(1) Exercise ECG to the Bruce protocol or equivalent. The test should be to maximum effort or symptom limited. Bruce stage 4 shall be achieved and no significant abnormality of rhythm or conduction, nor evidence of myocardial ischaemia shall be demonstrated. Withdrawal of cardioactive medication prior to the test should be considered.				
	(2) a 24-hour ambulatory ECG showing no which shall demonstrate no significant rhythm or conduction disturbance; nor complex, nor sustained rhythm disturbance, nor evidence of myocardial ischaemia. (See guidance material for limits of tolerance);				
	(3) a 2D Doppler echocardiogram echocardiography which shall				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	showing no significant selective chamber enlargement, nor or significant structural, nor or functional abnormality, and a left ventricular ejection fraction of at least 50%. Of the heart valves nor the myocardium and may include (4) a coronary angiogram which shall show no significant				
	coronary artery disease as defined in paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 of Appendix 1 to Subparts B & C;				
	(b) Further evaluation may include:				
	(1) Repeat 24-hour ECG recording;				
	(5) (2) electrophysiological study; investigation which a cardiologist acceptable to the AMS shall interpret as failing to demonstrate features which might predispose the applicant to incapacitation.				
	(3) myocardial perfusion scanning, or equivalent test;				
	(4) cardiac MRI or equivalent test;				
	(5) coronary angiogram or equivalent test (see Appendix 1 paragraph 6).				
	(b) In cases as described in JAR-FCL 3.145 and 3.265(a), (e), (f) and (g) any fit assessment by the AMS shall be restricted to multi-pilot operation (Class 1 'OML') or safety pilot limitation (Class 2 'OSL'), noting that:				
	(1) one atrial or junctional ectopic complex per minute on a resting ECG may require no further evaluation; and				
	(2) one ventricular ectopic complex per minute on a resting ECG may require no further evaluation.				
	(3) after one year following the first appearance of complete right bundle branch block or three years for left bundle branch block the OML/OSL limitation may be lifted provided repeat evaluation in accordance with 8(a) (1-3) above reveals no change.				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	© AMS Assessment Class 1				
	(1) Atrial fibrillation/flutter				
	(i) Initial Class 1 certification shall be limited to applicants with a single episode of arrhythmia which is considered by the AMS to be unlikely to recur.				
	(ii) Revalidation/renewal Class 1 shall be determined by the AMS.				
	(2) Complete right bundle branch block				
	(i) Initial Class 1 certification may be considered by the AMS if the applicant is under age 40 years. If over age 40 years, initial Class 1 applicants should demonstrate a period of stability, normally 12 months.				
	(ii) Unrestricted Class 1 revalidation/renewal may be considered after a 12 month period with an OML applied.				
	(3) Complete left bundle branch block				
	Investigation of the coronary arteries is necessary in applicants over age 40.				
	(i) Initial Class 1 applicants should demonstrate a 3 year period of stability.				
	(ii) Unrestricted Class 1 revalidation/renewal may be considered after a 3 year period with an OML applied.				
	(4) Ventricular pre-excitation				
	(i) Asymptomatic Class 1 applicants with pre- excitation may be considered by the AMS for revalidation/renewal with				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	OML. (ii) Asymptomatic initial Class 1 applicants with pre- exitation may be considered by the AMS if an electrophysiological study, including adequate drug-induced autonomic stimulation reveals no inducible re-entry tachycardia and the existence of multiple pathways is excluded. Appropriate follow-up, as determined by the AMS, is required.				
	(5) Pacemaker				
	© Following permanent implantation of a subendocardial pacemaker a fit assessment <i>which shall be no sooner than</i> may be considered by the AMS three months after insertion provided <i>shall require</i> :				
	(1) there is no other disqualifying disorder condition;				
	(2) a bipolar lead system has been used ;				
	(3) that the applicant is not pacemaker dependent;				
	(4) a symptom limited 12 lead exercise ECG to Bruce Stage IV, or equivalent, reviewed by a cardiologist acceptable to the AMS, shows no abnormality inappropriate to the indication for which the pacemaker was inserted. Myocardial scintigraphy/stress echocardiography may be required.				
	(5) a 2D Doppler echocardiogram shows no significant selective chamber enlargement, nor structural, nor functional abnormality of any heart valve or of the myocardium;				
	(6) a Holter recording shall demonstrate no symptomatic or asymptomatic paroxysmal tachyarrhythmia;				
	(7) a six monthly follow up by a cardiologist acceptable to the AMS with a pacemaker check and Holter monitoring is completed;				
	(4) regular follow-up including a pacemaker check; and				
	(8) (5) recertification Revalidation/renewal is restricted to multi-crew operation (Class 1 'OML'). Class 2 certification without				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	restriction may be applicable according to AMS assessment. (6) Ablation Class 1 applicants having undergone successful catheter ablation shall be restricted to OML operations for at least one year, unless an electrophysiological study, undertaken at a minimum of two months after the ablation, demonstrates satisfactory results. (d) AMS assessment Class 2 The AMS assessment Class 2 should follow the Class 1 assessment procedures. An OSL or OPL restriction may be considered.				
46	(c) (1) The skill test for the instrument rating is to be taken in any JAA Member State at the discretion of the Authority that approves the training. A FTO providing approved training for the instrument rating outside JAA Member States will need to make arrangements for the approved course to include acclimatisation flying in the JAA Member State of the approving Authority or in the airspace of any JAA Member State at the discretion of the approving Authority prior to any student taking the instrument rating skill test. (2) If the skill test for the instrument rating is taken outside JAA Member States by Examiners of the approving Authority, the FTO shall make arrangements for the approved course to include acclimatisation flying in the airspace of a JAA Member State. The acclimatisation flying shall consist of at least 10 hrs multi-engine aircraft flying which shall not be part of the requirements according Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(1). The licence shall be issued after the completion of the entire training programme, including the acclimatisation flying.	Appendix 1b to JAR-FCL 1.055	LST #10	NPA-FCL 1.19	

Ref #	Long Term Exem	ption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
47	» New paragrap (b)(5)	n JAR-FCL 2.245(b)(4) and renumber actual (b)(4) into	JAR-FCL 2.245	LST # 11	NPA-FCL 2-20	
	JAR-FCL 2.24 (See Appendic	Type ratings – Validity, revalidation and renewal tes 1 and 3 to JAR–FCL 2.240)				
	of 3175 FCL 2.24 applicant	ngle engine turbine helicopters of a maximum gross weight kg, at least the proficiency check in accordance with JAR-15 (b)(1) on one of the applicable types held provided that the thas: leted 300 hours as pilot-in-command of helicopter; and				
	_	leted 15 hours as pilot on the type(s) to which that dation proficiency check shall carry across, and				
	durin	st 2 hours pilot-in-command flight time on the other type(s) g the validity period to which that revalidation proficiency shall carry across.				
	(iv) perfor	med consecutive revalidations on different types.				
48	» Amendment of	text in (a):	JAR-FCL 2.325(a)	LST # 12	NPA-FCL 25	
	JAR-FCL 2.325	FI(H) – Restricted privileges				
	100 hours flight flights <i>air excer</i> be removed from	ed period. Until the holder of a FI(H) rating has completed at least instruction and, in addition, has supervised at least 25 student solo cises, the privileges of the rating are restricted. The restrictions will in the rating when the above requirements have been met and on the of the supervising FI(H).				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
49	JAR-FCL 2.335 FI(H)-Pre-requisite requirements (See Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 2.240) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) Before being permitted to begin an approved course of training for a FI(H) rating an applicant shall have: (a)completed at least 300 250 hours of flight time of which at least 100 hours shall be as pilot-in-command if holding a ATPL(H) or CPL(H) or 200 hours as pilot-in-command if holding a PPL(H);	JAR-FCL 2.335	LST # 12	NPA-FCL 25	
50	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.261(b) See Annex II for the text!	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.261(b)	LST # 12	NPA-FCL 25	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
51	Appendix 13 to Subparts B and C: Visual requirements 4 (a) Monocularlity entails unfitness for a Class 1-certificate. The AMS may consider recertification for a Class 2 certificate if the underlying pathology is acceptable according to ophthalmic specialist assessment and subject to a satisfactory flight test. Monocularity (1) Monocularity entails unfitness for a Class 1 certificate. (2) In the case of an initial Class 2 applicant who is functionally monocular, the AMS may consider certification if, (a) the monocularity occured after the age of 5 years (b) at the time of initial examination, the better eye achieves the following: (i) Distant visual acuity (uncorrected) of at least 6/6 (ii) No refractive error (iii) No history of refractive surgery (iv) No significant pathology, (c) a flight test with a suitably qualified pilot acceptable to the Authority, who is familiar with the potential difficulties associated with monocularity must be satisfactory. (d) Operational limitations as specified by the Authority, may apply.	JAR-FCL 3 – Visual Requirements	LST # 12	JAR-FCL 3 Technical Inventory	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption		JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	underlying patho specialist assesss suitably qualified with the potentia	onsider recertification for a Class 2 certificate if the ology is acceptable according to ophthalmic ment and subject to a satisfactory flight test with a l pilot acceptable to the Authority, who is familiar l difficulties associated with monocularity. tations as specified by the Authority, may apply.				
52		se in medical fitness se in medical fitness	JAR-FCL 1.040 and JAR-FCL 3.040	LST # 13 Full	NPA-FCL 28	
	related ratings or authorisations at	states shall not exercise the privileges of their licences, any time when they are aware of any decrease in their them unable to safely exercise those privileges.				
	medication or drug, or undergo any the medication, drug or treatment	ates shall not take any prescription or non-prescription of other treatment, unless they are completely sure that will not have any adverse effect on their ability to is any doubt, advice shall be sought from the AMS, an given in IEM FCL 3.040.				
	(c) Holders of medical certific AMS, an AMC or an AME when be	eates shall, without undue delay, seek the advice of the coming aware of:				
	(1) hospital or clinic ad	mission for more than 12 hours; or				
	(2) surgical operation of	r invasive procedure; or				
	(3) the regular use of m	edication; or				
	(4) the need for regular	use of correcting lenses.				
	(d) Holders of medical certific	ates who are aware of:				
	(1) any significant per member of a flight crew; or	sonal injury involving incapacity to function as a				
	(2) any illness involving crew throughout a period of 21	ng incapacity to function as a member of a flight days or more; or				
		all inform the Authority AMS or the AME, who e AMS, in writing of such injury or pregnancy, and				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	as soon as the period of 21 days has elapsed in the case of illness. The medical certificate shall be deemed to be suspended upon the occurrence of such injury or the elapse of such period of illness or the confirmation of the pregnancy, and:				
	(4) in the case of injury or illness the suspension shall be lifted upon the holder by the AME in consultation with the AMS being medically examined assessed by the AME or under arrangements made by the Authority AMS and being pronounced fit to function as a member of the flight crew, or upon the Authority AMS exempting, subject to such conditions as it thinks fit appropriate, the holder from the requirement of a medical examination; and				
	(5) in the case of pregnancy, the suspension may be lifted by the AME in consultation with the AMS or by the Authority for such period and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit appropriate (see JAR-FCL 3.195(c) and 3.315(c)) and shall cease upon the holder being medically examined assessed by the AME or under arrangements made by the Authority after the pregnancy has ended and being pronounced fit to resume her functions as a member of the flight crew. If an AME assesses a pregnant Class 1 pilot as fit Class 1, a multi-pilot (Class 1 'OML') limitation shall be entered. At the end of the pregnancy and following fit assessment by an AME the multi-pilot (Class 1 'OML') limitation may be removed by the AME, informing the AMS.				
53	JAR-FCL 3.210 Neurological requirements (c) Electroencephalography is required at the initial examination (see Appendix 11 to Subpart B) and when indicated by the applicant's history or on clinical grounds (see Appendix 11 to Subpart B).	JAR-FCL 3.210 (c)	LST # 13 Full	NPA-FCL 28	
54	JAR-FCL 3.155 Respiratory system – General (a) An applicant for or the holder of a Class 1 medical certificate shall not possess any abnormality of the respiratory system, congenital or acquired, which is likely to interfere with the safe exercise of the privileges of the applicable licence(s). (b) Posterior/anterior Posterior-anterior chest radiography is may be required at the initial, revalidation or renewal examination examinations. It may be required at	JAR-FCL 3.155	LST # 15 Full	NPA-FCL 28	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	revalidation/renewal examinations when indicated on clinical or epidemiological grounds. (c) Pulmonary function tests (see paragraph 1 Appendix 2 to Subpart B) are required at the initial examination. A peak flow test shall be performed at first revalidation or renewal examination after age 30, every 5 years until age 40, and every 4 years thereafter and on clinical indication. Applicants with significant impairment of pulmonary function (see paragraph 1 Appendix 2 to Subpart B) shall be assessed as unfit.				
55	(b) Refractive errors. Refractive error is defined as the deviation from emmetropia measured in dioptres in the most ametropic meridian. Refraction shall be measured by standard methods (see paragraph 1 Appendix 13 to Subpart B). Applicants shall be considered fit with respect to refractive errors if they meet the following requirements: (1) Refractive error (i) At the initial examination the refractive error shall not exceed ±3 dioptres (see paragraph 2 (a) Appendix 13 to Subpart B). (ii) At revalidation or renewal examinations, an applicant experienced to the satisfaction of the Authority with refractive errors up to +5/-8 dioptres may be considered fit by the AMS (see paragraph 2 (b) Appendix 13 to Subpart B). (iii) Applicants with a large refractive error shall use contact lenses or high-index spectacle lenses.	JAR-FCL 3.220 and 3.340	LST # 14 Full	NPA-FCL 28	
56	JAR-FCL 3.220 (g), 3.340(f) Visual requirements (1) If a visual requirement is met only with the use of correction, the spectacles or contact lenses must provide optimal visual function and be well-tolerated and suitable for aviation purposes.	JAR-FCL 3.220 and JAR-FCL 3.340	LST # 14 Full	NPA-FCL 28	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	 (2) Correcting lenses, when worn for aviation purposes, shall permit the licence holder to meet the visual requirements at all distances. No more than one pair of spectacles shall be used to meet the requirement. (3) Contact lenses, when worn for aviation purposes, shall be monofocal and non-tinted. (3)—(4) A spare set of similarly correcting spectacles shall be readily available when exercising the privileges of the licence. 				
57	(b) An applicant shall have normal perception of colours or be colour safe. At the initial examination applicants have to pass the Ishihara test. Applicants who fail Ishihara's test shall be assessed as colour safe if they pass extensive testing with methods acceptable to the AMS (anomaloscopy or colour lanterns – see paragraph 2 Appendix 14 to Subpart B). At revalidation or renewal colour vision needs only to be tested on clinical grounds. (c) An applicant who fails the acceptable colour perception tests is to be considered colour unsafe and shall be assessed as unfit.	JAR-FCL 3.225 and 3.345	LST # 15 Full	NPA-FCL 28	
	JAR-FCL 3.345 Colour perception (b) An applicant shall have normal perception of colours or be colour safe. At the initial examination applicants have to pass the Ishihara test. Applicants who fail Ishihara's test may shall be assessed as colour safe if they pass extensive testing with methods acceptable to the AMS (anomaloscopy or colour lanterns) (see paragraph 2 Appendix 14 to Subpart C). At revalidation or renewal colour vision needs only to be tested on clinical grounds. (c) An applicant who fails the acceptable colour perception tests is to be considered				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	colour unsafe and shall be assessed as unfit. (d) A colour unsafe applicant may be assessed by the AMS as fit to fly by day only				
58	(c) At the initial examination for a Class 1 medical certificate there There shall be no hearing loss in either ear, when tested separately, of more than 20 dB(HL) at any of the frequencies 500, 1 000 and 2 000 Hz, or of more than 35 dB(HL) at 3 000 Hz. [] (d) At recertification or renewal examinations there shall be no hearing loss in either ear, when tested separately of more than 35 db (HL) at any of the frequencies 500, 1 000, and 2 000 Hz, or more than 50 db (HL) at 3 000 Hz. An applicant whose hearing loss is within 5 db (HL) of these limits in two or more of the frequencies tested shall undergo pure tone audiometry [annually]. (e) (d) At revalidation or renewal examinations applicants with hypoacusis may be assessed as fit by the AMS if a speech discrimination test demonstrates a satisfactory hearing ability (see paragraph 2 Appendix 16 to Subpart B).	JAR-FCL 3.235	LST # 15	NPA-FCL 28	
59	(b) If an instrument rating is to be added to the applicable licence(s), a hearing test with pure tone audiometry (see paragraph 1 Appendix 16 to Subpart C) is required at the first examination for the rating and shall be repeated every 5 years up to the 40th birthday and every 2 years thereafter. (1) At the initial examination for a Class 2 medical certificate with instrument ratings there shall be no hearing loss in either ear, when tested separately, of more than 20 dB(HL) at any of the frequencies 500, 1 000 and 2 000 Hz, or of more than 35 dB(HL) at 3 000 Hz.	JAR-FCL 3.355	LST # 15	NPA-FCL 28	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(2)(1) At recertification or renewal examinations there <i>There</i> shall be no hearing loss in either ear, when tested separately of more than 35 db (HL) at any of the frequencies 500, 1 000, and 2 000 Hz, or more than 50 db (HL) at 3 000 Hz. An applicant whose hearing loss is within 5 db (HL) of these limits in two or more of the frequencies tested shall undergo pure tone audiometry [annually]. (3)(2) At recertification or renewal examinations applicants with hypoacusis may be assessed as fit by the AMS if a speech discrimination test demonstrates a satisfactory hearing ability (see paragraph 2 Appendix 16 to Subpart C).				
60	Appendix 2 to Subparts B and C. Respiratory system 1 Spirometric examination is required for initial Class 1 examination. An FEV1/FVC ratio less than 70% shall require evaluation by a specialist in respiratory disease for both Class 1 and Class 2. For initial Class 2 and renewal and revalidation examinations for Class 1 and Class 2 a pulmonary peak flow test is required. A pulmonary peak flow test can be replaced by a spirometric examination. A pulmonary peak flow test of less than 80% of predicted normal value according to age, sex and height shall require a spirometric examination. An FEV1/FVC ratio less than 70% shall require evaluation by a specialist in respiratory diseases.	JAR-FCL 3 Appendix 2 to Subpart B and C	LST # 15	NPA-FCL 28	
61	Appendix 16 to Subpart B and C (2) (b) If satisfactory hearing in a noise field corresponding to normal flight deck working conditions during all phases of flight can be demonstrated, recertification a fit assessment at revalidation or renewal may be considered by the AMS.	JAR-FCL 3 Appendix 16 to Subpart B and C	LST #15	NPA-FCL 28	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
62	JAR-FCL 1.330 paragraph (d)	JAR-FCL 1.330 (d)	LST # 15	NPA-FCL 34	
	(d) (1) the issue of an IR(A), provided that the instructor has:				
	(i) At least 200 hours flight time in accordance with instrument flight rules, of which up to 50 hours may be instrument ground time in a flight simulator or FNPT II; and (ii) completed as a student an approved course comprising at least 5 hours of flight instruction in an aeroplane, flight simulator or FNPT II (see Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.395 and AMC FCL 1.395) and has passed the appropriate skill test as set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.330 & 1.345;				
	in addition, for the issue an IR(A) multi-engine aeroplanes the instructor shall meet the requirements of JAR-FCL 1.380(a).				
63	JAR-FCL 1.445 Class rating examiner (aeroplane) (CRE(A)) – Privileges/Requirements	JAR-FCL 1.445	LST # 15	NPA-FCL 34	
	The privileges of a CRE(A) are to conduct:				
	(a) skill tests for the issue of class and type ratings for single-pilot aeroplanes;				
	(b) proficiency checks for revalidation or renewal of class and type ratings for single- pilot aeroplanes and revalidation or renewal, where specially authorised by the Authority, of instrument ratings; provided that the examiner holds or has held a professional pilot licence (A) and holds a PPL(A) and has completed not less than 500 hours as a pilot of aeroplanes.				
64	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.005	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.005	LST # 16	NPA-FCL	
	Minimum requirements for the issue of a JAR–FCL licence/authorisation on the basis of a national licence/authorisation issued in a JAA Member State:			34	
	In row (k) and (l) column 3, the wording : <u>night qualification,-if applicable.</u> Could bring confusion.				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Insert in the table of the appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 2.005 , JAR-CPL(H) license restricted to day VFR operations only if the holder of a CPL(H) has never got the night training. See Annex III to this Overview				
65	JAR-FCL 1.246 Instrument Rating, revalidation and renewal (See JAR-FCL 1.185) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.246) (b) Renewal (1) If an instrument rating, has expired, the applicant shall (i) meet refresher training and additional requirements as determined by the Authority, and (ii) complete section 3b of Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 including the flight preparation as a skill test. Comply with the requirements of paragraph (a)(2) above. The rating will be valid from the date of completion of the renewal requirements.	JAR-FCL 1.246	LST # 18	NPA-FCL 34	
66	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.005 Minimum requirements for the issue of a JAR-FCL licence/authorisation on the basis of a national licence/authorisation issued in a JAA Member State (See JAR-FCL 1.005(b)(3)) (See AMC FCL 1.005 & 1.015) (See AMC FCL 1.125) See ANNEX IV rows (d) and (e)!	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.005 Rows (d) and (e).	LST # 18	Partly included in NPA-FCL 34 (only paragraph (d))	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
67	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.050	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.050 Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a CPL(A) – Bridge instruction and examination requirements. (See JAR-FCL $1.050(b)(3)$				
	Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3				
	See ANNEX V				
68	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	Appendix 3 to JAR–FCL 1.050	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.050 Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a ATPL(A)- Bridge instruction and examination requirements (See JAR-FCL $1.050(b)(4)$)				
	Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3				
	See ANNEX VI				
69	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	Appendix 4 to JAR–FCL 1.050	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 4 to JAR-FCL 1.050 Crediting of theoretical knowledge requirements for the issue of a CPL(A), an IR(A) or an ATPL(A) (See JAR-FCL 1.050(b)(8))				
	Amend paragraphs 1 and 2				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	An applicant for an IR(A) having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for a CPL(A) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects: Human Performance and Limitations Meteorology. An applicant for a CPL(A) having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for an IR(A) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects: Human Performance and Limitations Meteorology.				
70	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6 Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.055 Approval of Modular Theoretical Knowledge Distance Learning Courses (See Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.050) (See Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.050) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.130 & 1.135) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(4)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.205) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.251) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.285) (See AMC FCL 1.055(a)) Amend paragraph 6 by inserting a new sub-paragraph (b) and re-	Appendix 3 to JAR–FCL 1.055	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	number sub-paragraph (c); add reference to Appendices 2 and 3 to JAR-FCL 1.050 TRAINING COURSES 6. Distance Learning will only be approved as a component of a course of theoretical knowledge instruction for the following courses: (a) modular courses of theoretical knowledge instruction for the PPL(A),				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	CPL(A), IR(A) and ATPL(A). (b) courses of theoretical knowledge bridge instruction for PPL(A), CPL(A) (see Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.050) and ATPL(A) (see Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.050). (bc) courses of additional theoretical knowledge for a class or type rating for a single pilot high performance aeroplane.				
71	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.125 PPL(A) training course – Summary (See JAR-FCL 1.125) (See AMC FCL 1.125) Amend paragraph 2 and delete reference to AMC FCL 1.125 under the title See ANNEX VII	Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.125	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
72	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(1) ATP(A) integrated course (See JAR-FCL 1.160, 1.165 & 1.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.210) (See AMC FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(1)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470) (See IEM FCL 1.170)	Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(1)	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE 10 The theoretical knowledge syllabus is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470. An approved ATP(A) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 750 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions. The 750 hours of instruction shall be divided between subjects as approved by the Authority. in such a way that in each subject the minimum hours are: Subject hours Air Law 40 Aircraft General Knowledge 80 Flight Performance & Planning 90 Human Performance & Limitations 50 Meteorology 60 Navigation 150 Operational Procedures 20 Principles of Flight 30 Communications 30 Other sub-division of hours may be agreed between the Authority and the FTO.				
73	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(2) CPL(A)/IR integrated course (See JAR-FCL 1.160, 1.165 & 1.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.210) (See AMC FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(2))	Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(2)	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470) (See IEM FCL 1.170)				
	Amend paragraph 10				
	The theoretical knowledge syllabus is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470. An approved CPL(A)/IR theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 500 hours of instruction which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions. The 500 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction shall be divided between subjects as approved by the Authority. in such a way that in each subject the minimum hours are:				
	Subject hours				
	Air Law 30				
	Aircraft General Knowledge 50				
	Flight Performance & Planning 60				
	Human Performance & Limitations 15				
	Meteorology 40				
	Navigation 100				
	Operational Procedures 10				
	Principles of Flight 25				
	Communications 30				
	Other sub-divisions of hours may be agreed between the Authority and the FTO.				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
74	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(3)	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(3) CPL(A) integrated course (See JAR-FCL 1.160, 1.165 & 1.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.170) (See AMC FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(3)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470) (See IEM-FCL 1.170)				
	Amend paragraph 10				
	THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE				
	10 The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the CPL(A) is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470. An approved CPL(A) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 350 300 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction (or 200 hours if the applicant is the holder of a PPL) which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions.				
75	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(4)	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(4) CPL(A) modular course (See JAR-FCL 1.125(c)) (See JAR-FCL 1.160, 1.165 & 1.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.170) (See AMC FCL 1.160 & 1.165(a)(4)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470) (See IEM-FCL 1.170)				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Amend paragraph 8 THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE 8 The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the CPL(A) is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470. An approved CPL(A) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 250 200 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction, which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions. Approved distance learning (correspondence) courses may also be offered as part of the course at the discretion of the Authority.				
76	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.205 IR(A) – Modular flying training course (See JAR-FCL 1.205) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470) Amend paragraph 7 THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE 7 The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the IR(A) is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470. An approved modular IR(A) course shall comprise at least 150 200 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction, which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions. Approved distance learning (correspondence) courses may also be offered as part of the course at the discretion of the Authority.	Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.205	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
78	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	have Appendix 1 to JAR– FCL 1.285	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.285 ATPL(A) – Modular theoretical knowledge course (See JAR-FCL 1.285) (See Appendix 1a to JAR-FCL 1.055) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470)				
	Amend paragraph 2				
	2 Before comencing an ATPL(A) modular course an applicant shall holder of at least a PPL(A) issued in accordance with ICAO Annex 1. The applicant wishing to undertake an ATPL(A) modular course of theoretical known instruction shall be required under the supervision of the Head of Training approved FTO to complete 650 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction ATPL theory within a period of 18 months. An applicant shall be the holder PPL(A) issued in accordance with ICAO Annex 1.	The An wledge of an ruction			
	Holders of a CPL(A)/IR may have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 4 hours.	00 350			
	Holders of a CPL(A) may have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 25 hours and holders of an IR may have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 200 hours.				
79	JAR-FCL 1.355 FI(A) – Revalidation and renewal (See Appendices 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 1.330 & 1.345) (See AMC FCL 1.355(a)(2)) (See IEM FCL 1.355)	JAR-FCL 1.355	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	 (a) For revalidation of a FI(A) rating the holder shall fulfil two of the following three requirements: (1) completed at least 50 100-hours of flight instruction on aeroplanes as FI, CRI, IRI or as examiner during the period of validity of the rating, including at least 15 30-hours of flight instruction within the 12 months preceding the expiry date of the FI rating, 10 hours of this 15 30-hours shall be instruction for an IR if the privileges to instruct for IR are to be revalidated; 				
80	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6 JAR-FCL 1.470 Contents of theoretical knowledge examinations (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470) Amend paragraphs (b) and (c) (b) An applicant for the CPL(A) shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following 13-9 subjects: Air Law; Aircraft General Knowledge - Airframe/Systems/Powerplant; Aircraft General Knowledge - Instrumentation; Flight Performance and Planning Mass and balance; Performance; Flight Planning and Monitoring, Human Performance; Meteorology; General Navigation; Radio Navigation; Operational Procedures; Principles of flight; VFR Communications. (c) An applicant for an IR(A) shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following 7 subjects: Air Law; Aircraft General Knowledge - Instrumentation; Flight Performance and Monitoring-Planning; Human Performance; Meteorology; Radio Navigation; IFR Communications.	JAR-FCL 1.470	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
81	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	JAR-FCL 1.475	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	JAR-FCL 1.475 Questions (See IEM FCL 1.475 (a) and (b)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470)				
	Amend paragraph (a) and delete reference to IEM FCL 1.475 (a) and (b) under the title				
	(a) The Central Question Bank. Questions appropriate to the syllabuses (see Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 1.470) will be held in a JAA Central Question Bank (CQB). Questions entered in the CQB will be composed in English, according to the method described in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 18 Attachment 1 IEM FCL 1.475(a), using abbreviations (see the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 18 Attachment 2 IEM FCL 1.475(b)), and compiled in a computer compatible format. The questions will be in multiple choice format. An Authority may exercise discretion in the presentation of questions in an examination according to JAR–FCL 1.480.				
82	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470 Theoretical knowledge Knowledge Syllabus – ATPL, CPL and IR (See JAR-FCL 1.470)				
	Amend title and the text at paragraph 1 (the table containing the theoretical knowledge syllabus remains unchanged)				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	1. An applicant shall have received the relevant theoretical knowledge instruction on an approved course at an approved flying training organisation (FTO) according to the syllabus subjects and headline topics below (refer to the <i>Detailed Theoretical Knowledge Syllabus and Learning Objectives in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19</i> -Theoretical Knowledge Learning Objectives): ()				
83	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6	AMC FCL 1.125	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	AMC FCL 1.125 Syllabus of theoretical knowledge and flight instruction for the private pilot licence (aeroplane) – PPL(A) (See JAR-FCL 1.125) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.125)				
	Delete the syllabus of theoretical knowledge on pages 2-C-1 to 2-C-20 and amend the title; Maintain unchanged the syllabus of flight instruction on pages 2-C-20 to 2-C-26.				
84	AMC FCL 1.340 Flight instructor rating (aeroplane) (FI(A)) course See JAR-FCL 1.340 See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.340	AMC FCL 1.340	LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Amend Long Briefing Exercise 1 (page 2-H-8)				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	AEROPLANE FAMILIARISATION Objectives Introduction to the aeroplane Explanation of the cockpit layout Aeroplane and engine systems Check lists, drills, controls Propeller safety - Precautions general - Precautions before and during hand turning - Hand swinging technique for starting (if applicable to type) Differences when occupying the instructor's seat EMERGENCY DRILLS Action in the event of fire in the air and on the ground – engine cabin and electrical Systems failures as applicable to type Escape drills – location and use of emergency equipment and exits				
85	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6 AMC FCL 1.470(a), (b) and (c) AMC FCL 2.470(a), (b) and (c) Theoretical knowledge examination subjects / sections and length of examinations – ATPL, CPL and IR Amend Moved to Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470 the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 10, Attachment 1.		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
86	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	IEM FCL 1.475(a) Construction of computer compatible questions (See JAR-FCL 1.475)				
	Delete the existing text and Insert:				
	Moved to the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 18, Attachment 1.				
87	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 1 Amendment 6		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	IEM FCL 1.480 Distribution of examination questions				
	Amend				
	Moved to Administrative & Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 10, Attachment 2.				
88	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.050 Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a CPL(H) – Bridge instruction and examination requirements.				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(See JAR–FCL 2.050(b)(3) Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3 See ANNEX VIII				
89	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 2.050 Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a ATPL(H)- Bridge instruction and examination requirements (See JAR-FCL 2.050(b)(4)) Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3 See ANNEX IX		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
90	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 4 to JAR-FCL 2.050 Crediting of theoretical knowledge requirements for the issue of a CPL(H), an IR(H) or an ATPL(H) (See JAR-FCL 2.050(b)(8)) Amend paragraphs 1, 2 and 3; insert paragraph 4; re-number paragraph 4 1. An applicant for an IR(H) having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for a CPL(H) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	subjects:				
	- Human Performance and Limitations				
	- Meteorology				
	2. An applicant for a CPL(H) having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for an IR(H) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects:				
	- Human Performance and Limitations				
	- Meteorology				
	3. An applicant for an ATPL(H) , or an applicant for an ATPL(H) with an IR(H), having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for a CPL(H) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects: - Performance (Helicopters) Air Law - Principles of Flight (Helicopter) - VFR Communications				
	4. An applicant for an ATPL(H) with an IR(H), having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for a CPL(H) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects: - Principles of Flight (Helicopter) - VFR Communications				
	5 4. An applicant for an ATPL(H) with an IR(H) having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for an ATPL(H) VFR is required to pass the following examination subjects credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects:				
	- Air Law				
	- Flight Planning and Flight Monitoring				
	- Radio Navigation				
	- IFR Communications				
	- Aircraft General Knowledge - Airframe/Systems/Powerplant				
	- Aircraft General Knowledge - Instrumentation				
	- Mass and Balance				
	- Performance (Helicopter)				
	- Human Performance and Limitations				
	· ·				
	- Meteorology - General Navigation				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	- Principles of Flight (Helicopter) - VFR Communications				
91	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 2.055 Approval of Modular Theoretical Knowledge Distance Learning Courses (See Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.050) (See Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.050) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.130 & 2.135) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(3)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.205) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.205) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.255) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.285) (See ACJ FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(3), 2.205 & 2.285) Amend paragraph 6(a), insert a new sub-paragraph 6(b) and renumber sub-paragraph 6(c); add reference to Appendices 2 and 3 to JAR-FCL 2.050 TRAINING COURSES 6. Distance Learning will only be approved as a component of a course of theoretical knowledge instruction for the following courses: (a) modular courses of theoretical knowledge instruction for the PPL(H), CPL(H), IR(H), ATPL(H) and ATPL(H)/IR. (b) courses of theoretical knowledge bridge instruction for PPL(H), CPL(H) (see Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.050) and ATPL(H) (see Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 2.050).		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	$(rac{b c}{c})$ courses of approved pre-entry theoretical knowledge instruction for a first type rating for a multi engine helicopter.				
92	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.125 PPL(H) training course – Summary (See JAR-FCL 2.125) (See AMC FCL 2.125) Amend paragraph 2 and delete reference to AMC FCL 2.125 under the title See ANNEX X		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
93	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(1) ATP(H)//R integrated course (See JAR-FCL 2.160, 2.165 and 2.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 2.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 2.210) (See AMC FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(1)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) (See IEM FCL 2.170) Amend title (ad '/IR') and paragraph 10		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE 10 The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the ATPL(H)/IR is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470. The requirements for type ratings are set out in JAR-FCL 2.240. An approved ATP(H)/IR theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 750 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions. The 750 hours of instruction shall be divided between subjects as approved by the Authority. in such a way that in each subject the minimum hours are: Subject hours Air Law 40 Aircraft General Knowledge 80 Flight Performance & Planning 90 Human Performance & Limitations 50 Meteorology 60 Navigation 150 Operational Procedures 20 Principles of Flight 30 Communications 30 Other sub division of hours may be agreed between the Authority and the FTO.		agreed		

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
94	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(2) ATP(H) integrated course (No Instrument Rating) (See JAR-FCL 2.160, 2.165 and 2.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 2.170) (See AMC FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(2)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) (See IEM-FCL 2.170)				
	Amend paragraph 10				
	THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE				
	10 The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the ATPL(H) is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470. The requirements for type ratings are set out in JAR-FCL 2.240. An approved ATPL(H) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 650 550 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions.				
	The 650 550 hours of instruction shall be divided between subjects as approved by the Authority. in such a way that in each subject the minimum hours are:				
	Subject hours				
	Air Law 30				
	Aircraft General Knowledge 70				
	Flight Performance & Planning 65				
	Human Performance & Limitations 40				
	Meteorology 40				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption		JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Navigation 120					
	Operational Procedures 20					
	Principles of Flight 30					
	Communications 25					
	Other sub-division of hours may be agreed between the Authority	y and the FTO.				
95	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4	NAAs that have		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(3) CPL(H)/IR integrated course (See JAR-FCL 2.160, 2.165 and 2.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 2.170) (See AMC FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(3)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) (See IEM-FCL 2.170) Amend paragraph 10					
	THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE					
	10 The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the CPL(H)/IR is se JAR-FCL 2.470. The requirements for type ratings are set out in approved CPL(H)/IR theoretical knowledge course shall comprise hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction which can include active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, compute other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions	n JAR-FCL 2.240. An e at least 500 hours (I classroom work, inter- er based training, and				
	The 500 hours of instruction shall be divided between subjects Authority. in such a way that in each subject the minimum hours are					

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Subject hours Air Law 30 Aircraft General Knowledge 50 Flight Performance & Planning 60 Human Performance & Limitations 15 Meteorology 40 Navigation 100 Operational Procedures 10 Principles of Flight 25 Communications 30 Other sub-division of hours may be agreed between the Authority and the FTO.				
96	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(4) CPL(H) integrated course (See JAR-FCL 2.160, 2.165 and 2.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 2.170) (See AMC FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(4) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) (See IEM-FCL 2.170) Amend paragraph 10		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
97	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a)(5) CPL(H) modular course (See JAR-FCL 2.160, 2.165 and 2.170) (See Appendix 1 and 2 to JAR-FCL 2.170) (See AMC FCL 2.160 & 2.165(a) (5)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) (See IEM-FCL 2.170) Amend paragraph 8 THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the CPL(H) is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470. The requirements for type ratings are set out in JAR-FCL 2.240. An approved CPL(H) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 250 200-hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction, which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions. Approved distance learning (correspondence) courses may also be offered as part of the course at the discretion of the Authority.				
98	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.205 IR(H) - Modular flying training course (See JAR-FCL 2.205)		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Amend paragraph 7				
	THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE				
	The theoretical knowledge syllabus for the IR(H) is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470. An approved modular IR(H) course shall comprise at least 150 200 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction, which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions. Approved distance learning (correspondence) courses may also be offered as part of the course at the discretion of the Authority.				
	Holders of an ATPL(H) shall have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 50 hours.				
99	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	JAR-FCL 2.285 Theoretical knowledge (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.285) (See Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.285) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.005)				
	Amend paragraph (a) and insert reference to Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.285				
	(a) Course. An applicant for an ATPL(H) shall have received theoretical knowledge instruction at an approved flying training organisation (FTO). An applicant who has not received the theoretical knowledge instruction during an integrated course of training shall take the course set				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.285, or, the course set out in Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.285 for modular theoretical knowledge instruction for ATPL(H)/IR.				
100	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.285 ATPL(H) – Modular theoretical knowledge course (See JAR-FCL 2.285) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) Amend paragraph 2 2 Before comencing an ATPL(H) modular course an applicant shall be the holder of least a PPL(H) issued in accordance with ICAO Annex 1. The An applicant wishing to undertake an ATPL(H) modular course of theoretical knowledge instruction—shall be required under the supervision of the Head of Training of an approved FTO to complete 550 450 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction for ATPL(H) theory within a period of 18 months. An applicant shall be the holder of a PPL(H) issued in accordance with ICAO Annex 1. Holders of an CPL(H) may have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 250 200 hours.		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
101	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.285 ATPL(H)/IR - Modular theoretical knowledge course (See JAR-FCL 2.285) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470)		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	1 The aim of this course is to train pilots who have not received the theoretical knowledge instruction during an integrated course to the level of theoretical knowledge required for the ATPL(H)/IR. 2 Before comencing an ATPL(H) modular course an applicant shall be at least the holder of a PPL(H) issued in accordance with ICAO Annex 1. The applicant shall be required under the supervision of the Head of Training of an approved FTO to complete 650 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction for ATPL(H)/IR theory within a period of 18 months. Holders of a CPL(H)/IR may have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 400 hours. Holders of a CPL(H) may have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 250 hours and holders of an IR may have the theoretical instruction hours reduced by 150 hours.				
102	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 JAR-FCL 2.470 Contents of theoretical knowledge examinations (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470) Amend paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) (b) An applicant for the CPL(H) shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following 13-9 subjects: Air Law; Aircraft General Knowledge - Airframe/Systems/Powerplant; Aircraft General Knowledge - Instrumentation; Flight Performance and Planning Mass and balance; Performance; Flight Planning and Monitoring; Human Performance;		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Meteorology; <i>General</i> Navigation; <i>Radio Navigation</i> ; Operational Procedures; Principles of flight; VFR Communications. The breakdown of subjects into examination papers and times allowed will be agreed within JAA Member States and stated in the associated procedures.				
	(c) An applicant for an IR(H) shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following 7 subjects: Air Law; Aircraft General Knowledge – <i>Instrumentation</i> ; Flight Performance and <i>Monitoring</i> Planning; Human Performance; Meteorology; <i>Radio</i> Navigation; IFR Communications. The breakdown of subjects into examination papers and times allowed will be agreed within JAA Member States and stated in the associated procedures.				
	(d) An applicant for the ATPL(H)/IR shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following 14 subjects: Air law; Aircraft general Knowledge – Airframe/Systems/Powerplant; Aircraft General Knowledge – Instrumentation; Mass and Balance; Performance; Flight Planning and Monitoring; Human Performance; Meteorology; General Navigation; Radio Navigations; Operational Procedures; Principles of flight; VFR Communications; IFR Communications. The breakdown of subjects into examination papers and times allowed will be agreed within JAA Member States and stated in the Joint Implementation Procedures.				
103	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 JAR-FCL 2.475 Questions (See IEM FCL 2.475 (a) and (b)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470)		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Amend paragraph (a) and delete reference to IEM FCL 2.475 (a) and (b) under the title				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(a) The Central Question Bank. Questions appropriate to the syllabuses (see Appendix 1 to JAR–FCL 2.470) will be held in a JAA Central Question Bank (CQB). Questions entered in the CQB will be composed in English, according to the method described in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 18 Attachment 1 IEM FCL 2.475(a), using abbreviations (see the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 18 Attachment 2 IEM FCL 2.475(b)), and compiled in a computer compatible format. The questions will be in multiple choice format. An Authority may exercise discretion in the presentation of questions in an examination according to JAR–FCL 2.480.				
104	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470 Theoretical Knowledge Syllabus – ATPL/IR, ATPL, CPL and IR (See JAR-FCL 2.470) Amend text at paragraph 1 (the table containing the theoretical knowledge syllabus remains unchanged) 1. An applicant shall have received the relevant theoretical knowledge instruction on an approved course at an approved flying training organisation (FTO) according to the syllabus subjects and headline topics below (refer to the Detailed Theoretical Knowledge Syllabus and Learning Objectives in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19-Theoretical Knowledge Learning Objectives): ()		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
105	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	AMC FCL 2.125 Syllabus of theoretical knowledge and flight instruction for the private pilot licence (helicopter) – PPL(H) (See JAR-FCL 2.125) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.125)				
	Delete the syllabus of theoretical knowledge on pages 2-C-1 to 2-C-18 and amend the title; Maintain unchanged the syllabus of flight instruction on pages 2-C-19 to 2-C-27.				
106	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 IEM FCL 2.475(a)		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	Construction of computer compatible questions (See JAR-FCL 2.475)				
	Delete the existing text and insert:				
	Moved to the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 18, Attachment 1.				
107	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
	IEM FCL 2.475(b)				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Common abbreviations to be used for the European CQB (See JAR–FCL 2.475) Delete the existing text and table and insert: Moved to the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 18, Attachment 2.				
108	NOTE: This LTE is only applicable to those NAAs that have implemented JAR-FCL 2 Amendment 4 IEM FCL 2.480 Distribution of examination questions Delete the existing text and table and insert: Moved to Administrative & Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 10, Attachment 2.		LST # 20	NPA-FCL 34	
109	Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 Contents of the class/type rating/training/skill test and proficiency check on single-engine and multi-engine single-pilot aeroplanes (See JAR-FCL 1.240 through 1.262 and 1.295) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.246)				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Add reference to Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.246 under the title and amend paragraph 3 The starred (*) items of section 3B and, for multi-mulit engine, Section 6, shall be flown solely by reference to instruments if revalidation/renewal of an instrument rating is included in the skill test or proficiency check. If the starred (*) items are not flown solely by reference to instruments during the skill test or proficiency check, and when there is no crediting of instrument rating privileges, the type/class rating will be restricted to VFR only. For cross-crediting of the IR part of a type or class rating proficiency check see Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.246.				
110	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.246 Cross-crediting of the IR part of a type or class rating proficiency check (See JAR-FCL 1.246) (See Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240) Add reference to Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 under the title and amend table and text below the table See ANNEX XI				
111	Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.520 & 1.525 MPL(A) – Integrated Multi-Crew Pilot Licence training course (See JAR-FCL 1.520) (See JAR-FCL 1.525) (See JAR-FCL 1.535) (See Appendix 1a to JAR-FCL 1.055) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295) (See Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.240 & 1.295)				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.261(c)(2)) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.535) (See Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.535) (See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470) (See AMC FCL 1.261(a)) (See AMC FCL 1.520 & 1.525) (See IEM No. 1 to Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.520 & 1.525) (See IEM No. 2 to Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.520 & 1.525) (See JAR-OPS 1.945)				
	Amend paragraph 9				
	THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE				
	9 The theoretical knowledge syllabus is set out in Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470. An approved ATPL(A) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 750 hours (1 hour = 60 minutes instruction) of instruction which can include classroom work, inter-active video, slide/tape presentation, learning carrels, computer based training, and other media as approved by the Authority, in suitable proportions.				
	The 750 hours of instruction shall be divided between subjects as approved by the Authority. in such a way that in each subject the minimum hours are:				
	Subject hours				
	Air Law 40				
	Aircraft General Knowledge 80				
	Flight Performance & Planning 90				
	Human Performance 50				
	Meteorology 60				
	Navigation 150				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Operational Procedures 20 Principles of Flight 30 Communications 30 Other sub-division of hours may be agreed between the Authority and the FTO. The theoretical knowledge instruction for the type rating shall be in accordance with Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.261(a).				
112	JAR-FCL 3.100 Medical certificates (See IEM FCL 3.100) (b) Initial issue of medical certificates. Initial Class 1 medical certificates shall be issued The issue of initial Class 1 certificates shall be by the AMS or, with the agreement of the Authority, by an AMC. The issue of initial Class 2 certificates shall be by the AMS or may be delegated to an AMC or AME. (c) Revalidation and renewal of medical certificates. At revalidation or renewal Class 1 or 2 medical certificates may be re-issued issued by an AMS, or may be delegated to, with the agreement of the Authority, by an AMC or an AME.		LST # 20 (WP 88-3/ 05)	NPA-FCL 33	
113	Appendix 4 to Subparts B and C Metabolic, nutritional and endocrine disorder systems (See JAR-FCL 3.175 and 3.295) 3 The use of antidiabetic drugs is disqualifying. In selected cases, however, the use of biguanides [glitazones, the combination of biguanides with glitazones]or alpha-glucosidase inhibitors may be		LST # 20 (WP 22/06)	NPA-FCL 33	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	acceptable for a Class 1 fit assessment with multi-pilot operations (Class 1 'OML') limitation or unrestricted (Class 2) certification a Class 2 fit assessment without a safety pilot (Class 2 'OSL') limitation. The use of sulphonylureas [or Glinides (Repaglinide/Nateglinide)] may be acceptable for restricted a Class 2 re-certification fit assessment with a safety pilot (Class 2 'OSL') limitation at revalidation or renewal.				
114	Medical Change of Text of Chapter 5 Manual of Aviation Medicine 6.5. See ANNEX XII		LST # 20 (WP 22/06)	NPA-FCL 33	
115	Change of Text of Chapter 5 Manual of Aviation Medicine 6.7 as follows: 6.7 [Aeromedical assessment] Type 1 diabetics requiring exogenous insulin are unfit to fly. The intrinsic risks of the disease itself are further increased by that of hypoglycaemia. No present injection regime or insulin infusion pumps are sufficiently efficient to act as an artificial pancreas. Nevertheless, progress in such developments as islet transplantation may require consideration in the future.		LST # 20 (WP 22/06)	NPA-FCL 33	

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	Type 2 diabetics fully controlled on diet alone may be [assessed as] fit [for] Class 1 and Class 2 [without limitations], subject to detailed follow-up at periodic medical examinations or at least annually. Those requiring [treatment with] biguanide [glitazones, the combination of glitazones with biguanides] or alpha-glucosidase inhibitors in addition may be acceptable [with a multi-pilot (Class 1 'OML') limitation for Class 1 applicants] and [without limitation for] Class 2 [applicants,] but the follow-up would need to be more stringent, namely 6 monthly. The use of sulphonylureas, [Repaglinide or Nateglinide] is unacceptable except for Class 2 [with a safety pilot (Class 2 'OSL') limitation]. This Assessment applies to Class 1 and Class 2.				
116	JAR-FCL 3.215 Ophthalmological requirements (b) An ophthalmological examination [by an ophthalmologist or a vision care specialist acceptable to the AMS (All abnormal and doubtful cases shall be referred to an ophthalmologist acceptable to the AMS)] is required at the initial examination []and shall include: (7) Tonometry on clinical indication and [][after the 40 th birthday]; (d) Where, in certificate holders the functional performance standards (6/9 [(0,7)], []6/6 [(1,0)], N14, examination.] The examination shall include: [][(6)]Tonometry [][after the 40 th birthday] [on clinical indication];	JAR-FCL 3.215	LST#22		

Medical JAR-FCL 3.340 Visual requirements (b) (4) In an applicant with amblyopia, if the best corrected visual acuity of the amblyopic eye is worse than shall be 6/18 (9,3) 6/12, (0,5) or better or they can be assessed in accordance with paragraph 6(a) Appendix 13 to Subpart C. The applicant may be assessed as filt provided the visual acuity in the other eye is 6/6 (1,0) or better, with or without correction, and no significant pathology can be demonstrated. Appendix 13 to Subparts B and C Visual requirements (See JAR-FCL 3.215, 3.220, 3.335 and 3.340) 6 (a) Menocularity Substandard vision in one eye (1) Menocularity Substandard vision in one eye, where only one eye meets the limits stated in JAR-FCL 3.220, entails unfitness for a an initial Class 1 certificate; (2) In the case of existing Class 1 holders who acquire substandard vision in one eye, the AMS may consider a fit assessment with an OML limitation if: a) the better eye achieves distance acuity of 6/6, (1,0), (corrected or uncorrected);	Ref #	Long Term Exemption		JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
 b) the better eye achieves intermediate visual acuity of N14 and N5 for near; c) in the case of acute loss of vision of the affected eye, a period of adaptation time has passed from the known point of visual loss, during which the pilot is assessed as unfit; d) there is no significant ocular pathology or risk of visual incapacitation less than 1% per annum in the better eye according to ophthalmological specialist assessment; e) a flight test with a suitable qualified pilot acceptable to the Authority, who is familiar with the potential difficulties associated with monocularity, must be satisfactory. 		Medical JAR-FCL 3.340 Visual (b) (4) In an applicant with an eye is worse than shall be accordance with paragraph assessed as fit provided the without correction, and no sign. Appendix 13 to Subpar Visual requirements (See JAR-FCL 3.215, 3.6) 6 (a) Monocularity Substand (1) Monocularity Substand (1) Monocularity Substand (1) In the case of a in one eye, the limitation if: a) the beginn or unce by the beginn of adalloss, of adalloss, of there incapal according a flight Author	inblyopia, if the best corrected visual acuity of the ame 6/18 (0,3) 6/12, (0,5) or better or they can be assessed as a 6(a) Appendix 13 to Subpart C. The applicant or visual acuity in the other eye is 6/6 (1,0) or better, inficant pathology can be demonstrated. Its B and C 220, 3.335 and 3.340) In ard vision in one eye In abstandard vision in one eye, where only one eye of in JAR-FCL 3.220, entails unfitness for a an initial existing Class 1 holders who acquire substandard in the AMS may consider a fit assessment with a fitter eye achieves distance acuity of 6/6, (1,0), (concrected); there eye achieves intermediate visual acuity of N14 in the control of the fitter eye achieves for vision of the affected eye, a ptation time has passed from the known point of the unity of the pilot is assessed as unfit; is no significant ocular pathology or risk of citation less than 1% per annum in the bett ling to ophthalmological specialist assessment; in test with a suitable qualified pilot acceptable rity, who is familiar with the potential difference.	Appendix 3 to Subparts B and C ablyopic ssed in may be with or a meets Class 1 I vision n OML rrected and N5 period f visual visual ter eye to the			

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	(2-3) In the case of a Class 2 applicant who is functionally monocular, who has substandard vision in one eye, the AMS may consider a fit assessment if:				
	(a) the monocularity occurred after the age of 5.				
	(ba) at the time of initial examination, the better eye achieves the following: (i) distant visual acuity (corrected or uncorrected) of at least 6/6, (0,1 1.0); (ii) no refractive error; (iii ii) no history of refractive surgery; (iv iii) no significant ocular pathology in the better eye and a risk of visual incapacitation less than 1% per annum according to ophthalmological specialist assessment.				
	(b) in cases of acute onset unilateral visual loss, a period of adaptation time must have passed from the known point of visual loss.				
	(ce) a flight test with a suitable qualified pilot acceptable to the Authority, who is familiar with the potential difficulties associated with monocularity, must be satisfactory;.				
	(d) operational limitations, e.g in enclosed cockpits or use of goggles, as specified by the aviation authority, may apply.				
	(b) Applicants with central vision in one eye below the limits stated in JAR FCL 3.220 may be assessed as fit at revalidation or renewal for Class 1 if the binocular visual field is normal and the underlying pathology is acceptable according to ophthalmological specialist assessment. A satisfactory flight test is and multi-pilot (Class 1 'OML') limitation are required.				
	(c) In case of reduction of vision in one eye to below the limits stated in JAR-FCL 3.340 a fit assessment at revalidation or renewal for Class 2 may be considered if the underlying pathology and the visual ability of the remaining eye are acceptable following ophthalmological evaluation acceptable to the AMS and subject to a satisfactory medical flight test, if indicated.				
	(b) An applicant with a visual fiels field defect may be considered as fit if the binocular visual field is normal and any underlying pathology is deemed to be				

Ref #	Long Term Exemption	JAR-FCL reference	agreed	In NPA	Valid thru
	acceptable to the AMS. If the binocular visual field is abnormal with reduced field in one eye only, then a fit assessment should be according to paragraph 6(a) above. If there is significant pathological field restriction in both eyes, or homonymous defects causing binocular field defect, the applicant shall be assessed as unfit.				

Annex I

Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.130 & 1.135
Theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for the PPL(A)

(See JAR-FCL 1.130 and 1.135) [(See Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.125) (See IEM FCL 1.135)]

THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE EXAMINATION

[1 The procedures for the conduct of the PPL examination will be determined by the Authority. This examination shall be in written form and may be taken on one or more days at the discretion of the Authority and shall comprise nine Subjects as indicated below. An examination paper may cover several Subjects. The total time shall not exceed 6 hours and there shall be a total of at least 120 questions. the following: An examination paper may cover several subjects:

Subject	Time	
Air Law and ATC Procedures	0h45	
Aircraft General Knowledge	0h30	
Flight Performance and Planning	1h00	Subdivision of
Human Performance and	0h30	times is at the
Limitations		discretion of
Meteorology	0h30	the Authority
Navigation	1h00	
Operational Procedures	0h30	
Principles of Flight	0h45	
Communications	0h30	
Total	6h00	

At the discretion of the Authority, Communication practical classroom testing may be conducted **a**At the **discretion of the Authority.** separately.

- 2 The majority of the questions shall be multiple choice.
- 3 The examinations will be provided in the language(s) considered appropriate by the Authority. The Authority shall inform applicants of the language(s) in which the examinations will be conducted.
- 4 A pass in a Subject will be awarded to an applicant achieving at least 75% of the marks allocated to that Subject. Marks shall only be awarded for correct answers.]
- Subject to any other conditions in JAR–FCL, an applicant shall be deemed to have successfully completed the theoretical examinations for the PPL(A) when awarded a pass in all parts within a period of 18 months, counted from the end of the calendar month when the applicant first attempted an examination. A pass in the theoretical knowledge examination will be accepted for the grant of the private pilot licence during the 24 months from the date of successfully completing the examinations.

Annex II

Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.261(b)

Flight instruction requirements for Type Rating Courses
(See also JAR-FCL 2.262)
(See AMC -FCL 2.261((c)

FLYING TRAINING (See JAR-FCL 2.220)

- 1 (a) The amount of flight instruction will depend on:
 - (i) complexity of the helicopter type, handling caracteristics, level of technology
 - (ii) category of helicopter (single-engine piston or turbine helicopter, multi-engine turbine and multi pilot helicopter);
 - (iii) previous experience of the applicant;
 - (iv) the availibility of FSTDs.
 - (b) Flight Synthetic Training Devices (FSTDs)

The level of qualification and the complexity of the type will determine the amount of practical training that may be accomplished in FSTDs, including completion of the skill test. Prior to undertaking the skill test, a student shall demonstrate competency in the skill test items during the practical training.

2 Initial issue

The approved flight instruction (excluding skill test) shall comprise a total of at least:

Helicopter types	In Helicopter	In Helicopter and FSTD associated training Credits
SEP (H)	5 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 2 hrs helicopter and at least 6 hrs total
		Using FTD 2/3: At least 4 hrs helicopter and at least 6 hrs total
SET (H) under	5 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 2 hrs helicopter and at least 6 hrs total
3175 kg MTOM		Using FTD 2/3: At least 4 hrs helicopter and at least 6 hrs total
SET(H) at or over	8 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 2 hrs helicopter and at least 10 hrs total
3175 kg MTOM		Using FTD 2/3: At least 4 hrs helicopter and at least 10 hrs total
SPH MET (H)	8 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 2 hrs helicopter and at least 10 hrs total
JAR/FAR 27 and		Using FTD 2/3: At least 4 hrs helicopter and at least 10 hrs total
29		
MPH	10 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 2 hrs helicopter, and at least 12 hrs total
		Using FTD 2/3: At least 4 hrs helicopter, and at least 12 hrs total

Holders of an ME IR(H) wishing to extend the IR(H) to the further ME type shall have additionally two hours flight training on type according to IFR which may be conducted in a FS C/D level or FTD level 2/3.

3 Additional types

The approved flight instruction (excluding skill test) shall comprise a total of at least:

Helicopter types	In Helicopter	In Helicopter and FSTD associated training Credits
SEP(H) to	3 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 1 hr helicopter and at least 4 hrs total
SEP(H)		Using FTD 2/3: At least 1 hr helicopter and at least 5 hrs total
SET(H) to	3 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 1 hr helicopter and at least 4 hrs total
SET(H)		Using FTD 2/3: At least 1 hr helicopter and at least 5 hrs total
Single Engine	1 hr	N/A
difference training		
MET(H) to	5 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 1 hr helicopter and at least 6 hrs total
MET(H)		Using FTD 2/3: At least 2 hrs helicopter and at least 7 hrs total
Multi Engine	3 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 1 hr helicopter and at least 4 hrs total
difference training		Using FTD 2/3: At least 2 hrs helicopter and at least 6 hrs total
MPH to MPH	5 hrs	Using FS C/D: At least 1 hr helicopter and at least 6 hrs total
		Using FTD 2/3: At least 2 hrs helicopter and at least 7 hrs total

Holders of an ME IR(H) wishing to extend the IR(H) to further ME type shall have additionally two hours flight training on type according to IFR which may be conducted in a FS C/D level or FTD level 2/3.

SKILL TEST

7 On completion of the related flying training, the applicant shall take the type rating skill test in accordance with the Appendix 1 and 2, or 1 and 3, to JAR-FCL 2.240.

ANNEX III

National licence held	Total flying hours experience	Any further JAA requirements	Replacement JAR-FCL licence and conditions (where applicable)	Removal of conditions	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
CPL/IR(H)	>500 as PIC on single- pilot helicopters	None	CPL/IR(H) with type ratings restricted to single-pilot helicopters		[(i)]
CPL/IR(H)	<500 as PIC on single- pilot helicopters	Demonstrate to the Authority a knowledge of flight planning and flight performance as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470	as (4) (h) (i)	obtain multi-pilot type rating as required by	[(i)]
CPL(H)	>500 as PIC on single- pilot helicopters	night qualification, -if applicable	CPL(H), with type ratings restricted to single-pilot helicopters	JAR-FCL 2.240	[(k)]
CPL(H)	<500 as PIC on single- pilot helicopters	night qualification, if applicable, demonstrate to the Authority a knowledge of flight performance and planning as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470	as (4) (j) (k)		[(1)]
CPL(H)	>500 as PIC on single-		as (4) (k)	obtain multi-	
Without night	pilot helicopters		and	pilot type rating as	(m)
qualification			Restricted to day VFR opérations	required by JAR-FCL 2.240 and a night	
CPL(H)	<500 as PIC on single-	demonstrate to the	as (4) (k)	qualification	(n)
Without night	pilot helicopters	Authority a knowledge of flight performance and	and		
qualification			Restricted to day VFR opérations		
PPL/IR(H)	≥ 75 in accordance with IFR	night qualification; if night flying privileges are not included in the instrument rating	PPL/IR(H) (the IR restricted to PPL)	demonstrate to the Authority a knowledge of flight performance and planning as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.470.	[(m)] (o)
PPL(H)	≥ 75 on helicopters	demonstrate the use of radio navigation aids.	PPL (H)		[(n)] (p)

ANNEX IV

Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.005

Minimum requirements for the issue of a JAR-FCL licence/authorisation on the basis of a national licence/authorisation issued in a JAA Member State

(See JAR-FCL 1.005(b)(3))

(See AMC FCL 1.005 & 1.015)

(See AMC FCL 1.125)

1 Pilot licences

A pilot licence issued by a JAA Member State in accordance with the national requirements of that State may be replaced by a JAR-FCL licence subject, where applicable, to conditions. For the replacement of such licences the holder shall:

- (a) for ATPL(A) and CPL(A), complete as a proficiency check, type/class and instrument rating (IR if applicable) revalidation requirements of JAR-FCL 1.245(b)(1), JAR-FCL 1.245(c)(1)(i) or 1.245(c)(2) relevant to the privileges of the licence held.
 - (b) (i)for ATPL(A) and CPL(A) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Authority that a knowledge of the relevant parts of JAR-OPS 1 and JAR-FCL (see AMC FCL 1.005 & 1.015) has been acquired;
 - (ii) for PPL(A) only demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Authority that a knowledge of the relevant parts of JAA Requirements (see AMC FCL 1.125) has been acquired;
 - (c) demonstrate a knowledge of English in accordance with JAR-FCL 1.200 if IR privileges are held;
- (d) comply with the experience requirements and any further requirements as set out in the table below:

National licence held	Total flying hours experience	Any further JAA requirements	Replacement JAR-FCL licence and conditions (where applicable)	Removal of conditions	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
ATPL(A)	>1 500 as PIC on multi-pilot aeroplanes	None	ATPL(A)	Not applicable	(a)
ATPL(A)	>1 500 on multi- pilot aeroplanes	None	as in (c)(4)	as in (c)(5)	(b)
ATPL(A)	>500 on multi-pilot aeroplanes	demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Authority a knowledge of flight planning and performance as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470	ATPL(A), with type rating restricted to co-pilot	Demonstrate ability to act as PIC as required by JAR-FCL Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.240.	(c)
CPL/IR(A) and passed an ICAO ATPL theory test in the JAA Member State of licence issue	>500 on multi-pilot aeroplanes, or in multi-pilot operations on single-pilot aeroplanes JAR-FAR 23 commuter category in accordance with JAR-OPS 1 or equivalent national operational requirements.	(i) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Authority a knowledge of flight planning and performance as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470 (ii) meet remaining requirements of JAR-FCL 1.250(a)(1) & (2)	CPL/IR(A) with JAR-FCL ATPL theory credit	Not applicable	(d)
CPL/IR(A)	>500 on multi-pilot aeroplanes, or in multi-pilot operations on single pilot aeroplanes JAR/FAR 23 commuter category in accordance with JAR-OPS 1 or equivalent national operational requirements.	(i) to pass an examination for JAR-FCL ATPL(A) knowledge in the JAA Member State of licence issue *(see text below table) (ii) meet remaining requirements of JAR-FCL 1.250(a)(1) & (2)	CPL/IR(A) with JAR-FCL ATPL theory credit	Not applicable	(e)

Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.005 (continued)

National licence held	Total flying hours experience	Any further JAA requirements	Replacement JAR-FCL licence and conditions (where applicable)	Removal of conditions	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
CPL/IR(A)	>500 as PIC on single-pilot aeroplanes	none	CPL/IR(A) with type/class ratings restricted to single-pilot aeroplanes		(f)
CPL/IR(A)	<500 as PIC on single-pilot aeroplanes	demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Authority a knowledge of flight planning and flight performance as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470	as (4)(f)	Obtain multi-pilot type rating as required by JAR-FCL 1.240	(g)
CPL(A)	>500 as PIC on single-pilot aeroplanes	night qualification, if applicable	CPL(A), with type/ class ratings restricted to single-pilot aeroplanes		(h)
CPL(A)	<500 as PIC on single-pilot aeroplanes	(i) night qualification, if applicable; (ii) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Authority a knowledge of flight performance and planning as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470	as (4)(h)		(i)
PPL/IR(A)	≥75 in accordance with IFR	night qualification if night flying privileges are not included in the instrument rating	` , `	demonstrate to the Authority a knowledge of flight performance and planning as required by Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.470	(j)
PPL(A)	≥70 on aeroplanes	demonstrate the use of radio navigation aids	PPL(A)		(k)

^{*} CPL holders already holding a type rating for a multi-pilot aeroplane are not required to have passed an examination for ATPL(A) theoretical knowledge whilst they continue to operate that same aeroplane type, but will not be given ATPL(A) theory credit for a JAR-FCL licence. If they require another type rating for a different multi-pilot aeroplane, they must comply with column (3), row (e) (i) of the above table.

ANNEX V

Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 1.050

Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a CPL(A) - Bridge instruction and examination requirements.

(See JAR-FCL 1.050(b)(3)

032 04 00 00

ONLY

Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3

An applicant shall have received theoretical knowledge bridge instruction on an approved course at an approved flying training organisation (FTO) according to the differences identified in the Detailed Theoretical Knowledge Syllabus and Learning Objectives between CPL(H) and CPL(A), as set out in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19.syllabus subjects and headline topics below (refer to the Theoretical Knowledge Learning Objectives):

021 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AIRFRAME AND SYSTEMS, ELECTRICS, POWERPLANT, EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT
021 02 00 00	AIRERAME
021 04 00 00	LANDING GEAR, WHEELS, TYRES, BRAKES
021 05 00 00	FLIGHT CONTROLS
021 06 00 00	PNEUMATICS PRESSURISATION AND AIR CONDITIONING
021 10 00 00	PISTON ENGINES
021 11 00 00	TURBINE ENGINES
021 13 00 00	OXYGEN SYSTEMS
022 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE INSTRUMENTATION (A)
022 02 00 00	MEASUREMENT OF AIR DATA PARAMETERS
022 06 00 00	AEROPLANE: AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS
022 08 00 00	TRIMS YAW DAMPER FLIGHT ENVELOPE PROTECTION
022 12 00 00	ALERTING SYSTEMS, PROXIMITY SYSTEMS
022 13 00 00	INTEGRATED INSTRUMENTS - ELECTRONIC DISPLAYS
1	T
030 00 00 00	FLIGHT PERFORMANCE AND PLANNING
031 00 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE - AEROPLANES
031 01 00 00	PURPOSE OF MASS AND BALANCE CONSIDERATIONS
031 02 00 00	LOADING
031 04 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE DETAILS OF AEROPLANES
031 05 00 00	DETERMINATION OF CG POSITION
032 00 00 00	PERFORMANCE AEROPLANES
032 01 00 00	GENERAL
032 02 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS B SINGLE ENGINE AEROPLANES
032 03 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS B MULTI-ENGINE AEROPLANES

PERFORMANCE CLASS A - AEROPLANES CERTIFICATED UNDER CS 25

033 00 00 00	FLIGHT PLANNING AND FLIGHT MONITORING
033 03 00 00	FUEL PLANNING
070 00 00 00	OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AEROPLANE
071 01 00 00	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
071 02 00 00	SPECIAL OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AND HAZARDS (GENERAL ASPECTS)
080 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT
081 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT - AEROPLANE
081 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS
081 02 00 00	HIGH SPEED AERODYNAMICS
081 03 00 00	Intentionally left blank
081 04 00 00	STABILITY
081 05 00 00	CONTROL
081 06 00 00	LIMITATIONS
081 07 00 00	PROPELLERS

2. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(A) and shall meet the requirements set out in JAR-FCL 1 (Aeroplane) Subpart J.

The applicant shall pass theoretical bridge examinations in the following subjects: Aircraft General Knowledge, Flight Performance and Planning, Operational Procedures and Principles of Flight (Aeroplane), as follows:

- a) the examination papers in subjects Flight Performance and Principles of Flight (Aeroplane) are those defined in JAR-FCL 1.470(b).
- b) the examination papers in subjects Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment, Instrumentation, Mass and Balance, Flight Planning and Flight Monitoring, and Operational Procedures shall cover the bridge topics defined in the syllabus above.
- 3. The applicant shall pass theoretical knowledge examinations as defined in JAR-FCL 1.470(b) for the following subjects:
 - 021 Aircraft General Knowledge: Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment
 - 022 Aircraft General Knowledge: Instrumentation

FLIGHT MECHANICS

032 - Performance (Aeroplane)

081 08 00 00

- 070 Operational Procedures, and
- 081 Principles of Flight (Aeroplane).

ANNEX VI

Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.050

Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a ATPL(A)- Bridge instruction and examination requirements

(See JAR-FCL 1.050(b)(4))

Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3

An applicant shall have received theoretical knowledge bridge instruction on an approved course at an approved flying training organisation (FTO) according to the differences identified in the Detailed Theoretical Knowledge Syllabus and Learning Objectives between ATPL(H) and ATPL(A), as set out in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19.syllabus subjects and headline topics below (refer to the Theoretical Knowledge Learning Objectives):

021 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AIRFRAME AND SYSTEMS, ELECTRICS, POWERPLANT, EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT
021 02 00 00	AIRERAME
021 04 00 00	LANDING GEAR, WHEELS, TYRES, BRAKES
021 05 00 00	FLIGHT CONTROLS
021 06 00 00	PNEUMATICS PRESSURISATION AND AIR CONDITIONING
021 09 00 00	ELECTRICS
021 10 00 00	PISTON ENGINES
021 11 00 00	TURBINE ENGINES
021 13 00 00	OXYGEN SYSTEMS
022 00 00 00	AICRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE - INSTRUMENTATION (A)
022 02 00 00	MEASUREMENT OF AIR DATA PARAMETERS
022 06 00 00	AEROPLANE: AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS
022 08 00 00	TRIMS - YAW DAMPER - FLIGHT ENVELOPE PROTECTION
022 09 00 00	AUTOTHROTTLE AUTOMATIC THRUST CONTROL SYSTEM
022 12 00 00	ALERTING SYSTEMS, PROXIMITY SYSTEMS
022 13 00 00	INTEGRATED INSTRUMENTS - ELECTRONIC DISPLAYS
030 00 00 00	FLIGHT PERFORMANCE AND PLANNING
031 00 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE AEROPLANES
031 01 00 00	PURPOSE OF MASS AND BALANCE CONSIDERATIONS
031 02 00 00	LOADING
031 04 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE DETAILS OF AEROPLANES
031 05 00 00	DETERMINATION OF CG POSITION
032 00 00 00	PERFORMANCE - AEROPLANES
032 01 00 00	GENERAL
032 02 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS B SINGLE ENGINE AEROPLANES
032 03 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS B — MULTI-ENGINE AEROPLANES

032 04 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS A AEROPLANES CERTIFICATED UNDER CS 25 ONLY
033 00 00 00	FLIGHT PLANNING AND FLIGHT MONITORING
033 03 00 00	FUEL PLANNING
070 00 00 00	OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AEROPLANE
071 01 00 00	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
071 02 00 00	SPECIAL OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AND HAZARDS (GENERAL ASPECTS)
080 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT
081 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT AEROPLANE
081 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS
081 02 00 00	HIGH SPEED AERODYNAMICS
081 03 00 00	Intentionally left blank
081 04 00 00	STABILITY
081 05 00 00	CONTROL
081 06 00 00	LIMITATIONS
081 07 00 00	PROPELLERS

2. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of an ATPL(A) and shall meet the requirements set out in JAR-FCL 1 (Aeroplane) Subpart J.

The applicant shall pass theoretical bridge examinations in the following subjects: Aircraft General Knowledge, Flight Performance and Planning, Operational Procedures and Principles of Flight (Aeroplane), as follows:

- c) the examination papers in subjects Flight Performance and Principles of Flight (Aeroplane) are those defined in JAR FCL 1.470(a).
- d) the examination papers in subjects Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment, Instrumentation, Mass and Balance, Flight Planning and Flight Monitoring, and Operational Procedures shall cover the bridge topics defined in the syllabus above.
- 3. The applicant shall pass theoretical knowledge examinations as defined in JAR-FCL 1.470(a) for the following subjects:
 - 021 Aircraft General Knowledge: Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment
 - 022 Aircraft General Knowledge: Instrumentation

FLIGHT MECHANICS

032 - Performance (Aeroplane)

081 08 00 00

- 070 Operational Procedures, and
- 081 Principles of Flight (Aeroplane).

ANNEX VII

Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.125 PPL(A) training course – Summary (See JAR-FCL 1.125) (See AMC FCL 1.125)

Amend paragraph 2 and delete reference to AMC FCL 1.125 under the title

THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE INSTRUCTION

2 The theoretical knowledge syllabus of the PPL(A) course shall cover the following :

Air Law, Aircraft General Knowledge, Flight Performance and Planning, Human Performance and Limitations, Meteorology, Navigation, Operational Procedures, Principles of Flight and Communication.

		AEROPLANE		HELIC	OPTER
1		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
010 00 00 00	AIR LAW				
010 01 00 00	INTERNATIONAL LAW: CONVENTIONS, AGREEMENTS AND ORGANISATIONS	х		х	
010 02 00 00	AIRWORTHINESS OF AIRCRAFT, Annex 8	Х		Х	
010 03 00 00	AIRCRAFT NATIONALITY AND REGISTRATION MARKS	Х		х	
010 04 00 00	PERSONNEL LICENSING	x		x	
010 05 00 00	RULES OF THE AIR	х		х	
010 06 00 00	PROCEDURES FOR AIR NAVIGATION – AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS Doc. 8168-OPS/611, VOLUME 1	х		x	
010 07 00 00	AIR TRAFFIC SERVICES AND AIR TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT	х		x	
010 08 00 00	AERONAUTICAL INFORMATION SERVICE	х		х	
010 09 00 00	AERODROMES	х		x	
010 11 00 00	SEARCH AND RESCUE	x		x	
010 12 00 00	SECURITY	х		х	
010 13 00 00	AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	х		х	
010 15 00 00	NATIONAL LAW	х		х	

		AERO	PLANE	HELICOPTER	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
021 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE – AIRFRAME AND SYSTEMS, ELECTRICS, POWERPLANT, EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT				
021 01 00 00	SYSTEM DESIGN, LOADS, STRESSES, MAINTENANCE	х	х	х	х
021 02 00 00	AIRFRAME	х	х	х	х
021 03 00 00	HYDRAULICS	х	х	х	х
021 04 00 00	LANDING GEAR, WHEELS, TYRES, BRAKES	х	х	х	х
021 05 00 00	FLIGHT CONTROLS	х	х	х	х
021 07 00 00	ANTI-ICING SYSTEMS	х	x	х	x
021 08 00 00	FUEL SYSTEM	Х	x	X	x
021 09 00 00	ELECTRICS	х	х	x	х
021 10 00 00	PISTON ENGINES	х	х	x	х
021 11 00 00	TURBINE ENGINES			x	x
021 12 00 00	PROTECTION AND DETECTION SYSTEMS			x	х
021 15 00 00	HELICOPTER: ROTOR HEADS			x	х
021 16 00 00	HELICOPTER: TRANSMISSION			х	x
021 17 00 00	HELICOPTER: BLADES			x	x
		AERO	PLANE	HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
022 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE – INSTRUMENTATION				
022 01 00 00	SENSORS AND INSTRUMENTS	x	x	x	x
022 02 00 00	MEASUREMENT OF AIR DATA PARAMETERS	x	x	x	x
022 03 00 00	MAGNETISM – DIRECT READING COMPASS	x	x	x	x
022 04 00 00	GYROSCOPIC INSTRUMENTS	X	х	x	х

		4500	DI ANIE	LIELIC	ODTED
		AERO	LANE	HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
022 10 00 00	COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS	х	х	X	х
022 12 00 00	ALERTING SYSTEMS, PROXIMITY SYSTEMS	х	x	X	х
022 13 00 00	INTEGRATED INSTRUMENTS – ELECTRONIC DISPLAYS	х	x	x	х

		AEROPLANE		HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
030 00 00 00	FLIGHT PERFORMANCE AND PLANNING				
031 00 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE – AEROPLANES/HELICOPTERS				
031 01 00 00	PURPOSE OF MASS AND BALANCE CONSIDERATIONS	х	х	х	х
031 02 00 00	LOADING	х	х	х	х
031 03 00 00	FUNDAMENTALS OF CG CALCULATIONS	х	х	х	х
031 04 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE DETAILS OF AIRCRAFT	Х	Х	Х	х
031 05 00 00	DETERMINATION OF CG POSITION	х	Х	Х	х

		AEROF	PLANE	HELICOPTE	
			PPL	Bridge	
032 00 00 00	PERFORMANCE - AEROPLANES				
032 01 00 00	GENERAL	х	х		
032 02 00 00	SINGLE-ENGINE AEROPLANES	х	х		

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTE	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
033 00 00 00	FLIGHT PLANNING AND FLIGHT MONITORING				
033 01 00 00	FLIGHT PLANNING FOR VFR FLIGHTS	х	х	х	х
033 03 00 00	FUEL PLANNING	х	х	х	х
033 04 00 00	PRE-FLIGHT PREPARATION	х	х	х	х
033 05 00 00	ICAO FLIGHT PLAN (ATS Flight Plan)	х	х	х	х
033 06 00 00	FLIGHT MONITORING AND IN-FLIGHT RE-PLANNING	х	х	х	х

AEROPLANE HELICOPTER
PPL Bridg PPL Bridge
e

034 00 00 PERFORMANCE - HELICOPTERS 00

034 01 00 GENERAL x x 00

034 02 00 00	PERFORMANCE – SINGLE ENGINE HELICOPTERS		х	х

		AEROPLANE		HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
040 00 00 00	HUMAN PERFORMANCE				
040 01 00 00	HUMAN FACTORS: BASIC CONCEPTS	х		х	
040 02 00 00	BASIC AVIATION PHYSIOLOGY AND HEALTH MAINTENANCE	х		х	
040 03 00 00	BASIC AVIATION PSYCHOLOGY	х		х	

		AEROPLANE HELICOPTER		OPTER	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
050 00 00 00	METEOROLOGY				
050 01 00 00	THE ATMOSPHERE	х		х	
050 02 00 00	WIND	x		х	
050 03 00 00	THERMODYNAMICS	Х		х	
050 04 00 00	CLOUDS AND FOG	x		х	
050 05 00 00	PRECIPITATION	Х		х	
050 06 00 00	AIR MASSES AND FRONTS	Х		х	
050 07 00 00	PRESSURE SYSTEMS	x		х	
050 08 00 00	CLIMATOLOGY	Х		х	
050 09 00 00	FLIGHT HAZARDS	Х		х	
050 10 00 00	METEOROLOGICAL INFORMATION	Х		х	

		AEROP	LANE	HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
060 00 00 00	NAVIGATION				
061 00 00 00	GENERAL NAVIGATION				
061 01 00 00	BASICS OF NAVIGATION	х		х	
061 02 00 00	MAGNETISM AND COMPASSES	х		х	
061 03 00 00	CHARTS	х		х	
061 04 00 00	DEAD RECKONING NAVIGATION (DR)	х		х	
061 05 00 00	IN-FLIGHT NAVIGATION	х		х	

		,	AEROPLANE		HELICOPTER	
		ı	PPL	Bridg	PPL	Bridge
				е		
062 00 00 00	RADIO NAVIGATION					
062 01 00 00	BASIC RADIO PROPAGATION THEORY		X		Х	
062 02 00 00	RADIO AIDS		X		x	
062 03 00 00	RADAR		X		x	
062 06 00 00	GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEMS		x		x	

	AEROF	PLANE	HELIC	OPTER
_	PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
070 00 00 00 OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES				
071 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	х	х	х	х
071 02 00 00 SPECIAL OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AND HAZARDS (GENERAL ASPECTS)	х	х	х	х
071 03 00 00 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES			х	х

		AEROF	PLANE	HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
080 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT				
081 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT – AEROPLANE				
081 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS	х	х		
081 04 00 00	STABILITY	х	х		
081 05 00 00	CONTROL	x	x		
081 06 00 00	LIMITATIONS	х	x		
081 07 00 00	PROPELLERS	х	х		
081 08 00 00	FLIGHT MECHANICS	х	х		

		Aeroplane		Helic	opter
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
082 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT – HELICOPTER				
082 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS			х	х
082 02 00 00	TRANSONIC AERODYNAMICS and COMPRESSIBILITY EFFECTS			x	х
082 03 00 00	ROTORCRAFT TYPES			х	х
082 04 00 00	MAIN ROTOR AERODYNAMICS			х	х
082 05 00 00	MAIN ROTOR MECHANICS			х	х
082 06 00 00	TAIL ROTORS			х	х
082 07 00 00	EQUILIBRIUM, STABILITY AND CONTROL			х	х
082 08 00 00	HELICOPTER PERFORMANCES			х	х

		AEROF	PLANE	HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
090 00 00 00	COMMUNICATIONS				
091 00 00 00	VFR COMMUNICATIONS				
091 01 00 00	DEFINITIONS	х		х	
091 02 00 00	GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURES	х		х	
091 03 00 00	RELEVANT WEATHER INFORMATION TERMS (VFR)	х		х	
091 04 00 00	ACTION REQUIRED TO BE TAKEN IN CASE OF COMMUNICATION FAILURE	х		Х	
091 05 00 00	DISTRESS AND URGENCY PROCEDURES	х		х	
091 06 00 00	GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF VHF PROPAGATION AND ALLOCATION OF FREQUENCIES	х		Х	

Further details of all theoretical knowledge instruction are set out in *the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19* AMC FCL 1.125.

ANNEX VIII

Appendix 2 to JAR-FCL 2.050

Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a CPL(H) - Bridge instruction and examination requirements.

(See JAR-FCL 2.050(b)(3)

Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3

An applicant shall have received theoretical knowledge bridge instruction on an approved course at an approved flying training organisation (FTO) according to the differences identified in the Detailed Theoretical Knowledge Syllabus and Learning Objectives between CPL(A) and CPL(H), as set out in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19.syllabus subjects and headline topics below (refer to the Theoretical Knowledge Learning Objectives):

ANDING GEAR, WHEELS, TYRES, BRAKES
ANDING GEAR, WHEELS, TYRES, BRAKES
FLIGHT CONTROLS
PNEUMATICS PRESSURISATION AND AIR CONDITIONING
TURBINE ENGINES
OXYGEN SYSTEMS
HELICOPTER: MISCELLANEOUS SYSTEMS
HELICOPTER: ROTOR HEADS
HELICOPTER: TRANSMISSION
HELICOPTER: BLADES
HCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE INSTRUMENTATION (H)
MEASUREMENT OF AIR DATA PARAMETERS
ELICOPTER: AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS
LERTING SYSTEMS, PROXIMITY SYSTEMS
NTEGRATED INSTRUMENTS ELECTRONIC DISPLAYS
MAINTENANCE, MONITORING AND RECORDING SYSTEMS
LIGHT PERFORMANCE AND PLANNING
MASS AND BALANCE - HELICOPTERS
PURPOSE OF MASS AND BALANCE CONSIDERATIONS
OADING
LIGHT PLANNING AND FLIGHT MONITORING
UEL PLANNING

034 00 00 00	PERFORMANCE HELICOPTERS
034 01 00 00	GENERAL

034 02 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS 3 SINGLE ENGINE HELICOPTERS ONLY
034 03 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS 2
034 05 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS 1 HELICOPTERS CERTIFICATED UNDER CS 29 ONLY

070 00 00 00	OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES HELICOPTER
071 01 00 00	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
071 02 00 00	SPECIAL OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AND HAZARDS (GENERAL ASPECTS)
071 03 00 00	HELICOPTER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

082 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT HELICOPTER
082 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS
082 02 00 00	TRANSONIC AERODYNAMICS and COMPRESSIBILITY EFFECTS
082 03 00 00	ROTORCRAFT TYPES
082 04 00 00	MAIN ROTOR AERODYNAMICS
082 05 00 00	MAIN ROTOR MECHANICS
082 06 00 00	TAIL ROTORS
082 07 00 00	EQUILIBRIUM, STABILITY AND CONTROL
082 08 00 00	HELICOPTER FLIGHT MECHANICS

2. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(H) and shall meet the requirements set out in JAR-FCL 2 (Helicopter) Subpart J.

The applicant shall pass theoretical bridge examinations in the following subjects: Aircraft General Knowledge, Flight Performance and Planning, Operational Procedures and Principles of Flight (Helicopter), as follows:

- a) the examination papers in subjects Flight Performance and Principles of Flight (Helicopter) are those defined in JAR FCL 2.470(b).
- e) the examination papers in subjects Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment, Instrumentation, Mass and Balance, Flight Planning and Flight Monitoring, and Operational Procedures shall cover the bridge topics defined in the syllabus above.
- 3. The applicant shall pass theoretical knowledge examinations as defined in JAR-FCL 2.470(b) for the following subjects:
 - 021 Aircraft General Knowledge: Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment
 - 022 Aircraft General Knowledge: Instrumentation
 - 034 Performance (Helicopter)
 - 070 Operational Procedures, and
 - 082 Principles of Flight (Helicoper).

ANNEX IX

Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 2.050

Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a ATPL(H)- Bridge instruction and examination requirements

(See JAR-FCL 2.050(b)(4))

034 00 00 00

PERFORMANCE - HELICOPTERS

Amend paragraphs 1 and 2, add new paragraph 3

An applicant shall have received theoretical knowledge bridge instruction on an approved course at an approved flying training organisation (FTO) according to the differences identified in the Detailed Theoretical Knowledge Syllabus and Learning Objectives between ATPL(A) and ATPL(H), as set out in the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19.syllabus subjects and headline topics below (refer to the Theoretical Knowledge Learning Objectives):

021 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE AIRFRAME AND SYSTEMS, ELECTRICS, POWERPLANT, EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT
021 02 00 00	AIRFRAME
021 04 00 00	LANDING GEAR, WHEELS, TYRES, BRAKES
021 05 00 00	FLIGHT CONTROLS
021 06 00 00	PNEUMATICS PRESSURISATION AND AIR CONDITIONING
021 11 00 00	TURBINE ENGINES
021 13 00 00	OXYGEN SYSTEMS
021 14 00 00	HELICOPTER: MISCELLANEOUS SYSTEMS
021 15 00 00	HELICOPTER: ROTOR HEADS
021 16 00 00	HELICOPTER: TRANSMISSION
021 17 00 00	HELICOPTER: BLADES
022 00 00 00	AICRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE INSTRUMENTATION (H)
022 02 00 00	MEASUREMENT OF AIR DATA PARAMETERS
022 07 00 00	HELICOPTER: AUTOMATIC FLIGHT CONTROL SYSTEMS
022 12 00 00	ALERTING SYSTEMS, PROXIMITY SYSTEMS
022 13 00 00	INTEGRATED INSTRUMENTS - ELECTRONIC DISPLAYS
022 14 00 00	MAINTENANCE, MONITORING AND RECORDING SYSTEMS
030 00 00 00	FLIGHT PERFORMANCE AND PLANNING
031 00 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE - HELICOPTERS
031 01 00 00	PURPOSE OF MASS AND BALANCE CONSIDERATIONS
031 04 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE DETAILS OF AIRCRAFT
	1
033 00 00 00	FLIGHT PLANNING AND FLIGHT MONITORING
033 03 00 00	FUEL PLANNING
•	

034 01 00 00	GENERAL
034 02 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS 3 - SINGLE-ENGINE HELICOPTERS ONLY
034 03 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS 2
034 05 00 00	PERFORMANCE CLASS 1 – HELICOPTERS CERTIFICATED UNDER CS 29 ONLY

070 00 00 00	OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES HELICOPTER
071 01 00 00	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
071 02 00 00	SPECIAL OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AND HAZARDS (GENERAL ASPECTS)
071 03 00 00	HELICOPTER EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

082 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT HELICOPTER
082 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS
082 02 00 00	TRANSONIC AERODYNAMICS and COMPRESSIBILITY EFFECTS
082 03 00 00	ROTORCRAFT TYPES
082 04 00 00	MAIN ROTOR AERODYNAMICS
082 05 00 00	MAIN ROTOR MECHANICS
082 06 00 00	TAIL ROTORS
082 07 00 00	EQUILIBRIUM, STABILITY AND CONTROL
082 08 00 00	HELICOPTER FLIGHT MECHANICS

2. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of an ATPL(A) and shall meet the requirements set out in JAR-FCL 2 (Helicopter) Subpart J.

The applicant shall pass theoretical bridge examinations in the following subjects: Aircraft General Knowledge, Flight Performance and Planning, Operational Procedures and Principles of Flight (Helicopter), as follows:

- a) the examination papers in subjects Flight Performance and Principles of Flight (Helicopter) are those defined in JAR FCL 2.470(a).
- b) the examination papers in subjects Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment, Instrumentation, Mass and Balance, Flight Planning and Flight Monitoring, and Operational Procedures shall cover the bridge topics defined in the syllabus above.
- 3. The applicant shall pass theoretical knowledge examinations as defined in JAR-FCL 2.470(a) for the following subjects:
 - 021 Aircraft General Knowledge: Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment
 - 022 Aircraft General Knowledge: Instrumentation
 - 034 Performance (Helicopter)
 - 070 Operational Procedures, and
 - 082 Principles of Flight (Helicoper).

ANNEX X

Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 2.125
PPL(H) training course – Summary
(See JAR-FCL 2.125)
(See AMC FCL 2.125)

Amend paragraph 2 and delete reference to AMC FCL 2.125 under the title

THEORETICAL KNOWLEDGE INSTRUCTION

2 The theoretical knowledge syllabus of the PPL(H) course shall cover the following :

Air Law, Aircraft General Knowledge, Flight Performance and Planning, Human Performance and Limitations, Meteorology, Navigation, Operational Procedures, Principles of Flight and Communication.

		AEROF	PLANE	HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
010 00 00 00	AIR LAW				
010 01 00 00	INTERNATIONAL LAW: CONVENTIONS, AGREEMENTS AND ORGANISATIONS	х		x	
010 02 00 00	AIRWORTHINESS OF AIRCRAFT, Annex 8	Х		Х	
010 03 00 00	AIRCRAFT NATIONALITY AND REGISTRATION MARKS	х		х	
010 04 00 00	PERSONNEL LICENSING	x		x	
010 05 00 00	RULES OF THE AIR	х		х	
010 06 00 00	PROCEDURES FOR AIR NAVIGATION – AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS Doc. 8168-OPS/611, VOLUME 1	х		x	
010 07 00 00	AIR TRAFFIC SERVICES AND AIR TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT	х		х	
010 08 00 00	AERONAUTICAL INFORMATION SERVICE	х		x	
010 09 00 00	AERODROMES	х		х	
010 11 00 00	SEARCH AND RESCUE	х		х	
010 12 00 00	SECURITY	х		х	
010 13 00 00	AIRCRAFT ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	х		х	
010 15 00 00	NATIONAL LAW	х		х	

		AEROF	PLANE	HELIC	COPTER	
T		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge	
021 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE – AIRFRAME AND SYSTEMS, ELECTRICS, POWERPLANT, EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT					
021 01 00 00	SYSTEM DESIGN, LOADS, STRESSES, MAINTENANCE	х	х	х	х	
021 02 00 00	AIRFRAME	х	х	Х	х	
021 03 00 00	HYDRAULICS	х	х	х	х	
021 04 00 00	LANDING GEAR, WHEELS, TYRES, BRAKES	х	х	х	х	
021 05 00 00	FLIGHT CONTROLS	x	х	х	х	
021 07 00 00	ANTI-ICING SYSTEMS	x	х	х	х	
021 08 00 00	FUEL SYSTEM	х	x	х	х	
021 09 00 00	ELECTRICS	х	х	х	х	
021 10 00 00	PISTON ENGINES	х	x	х	х	
021 11 00 00	TURBINE ENGINES			х	х	
021 12 00 00	PROTECTION AND DETECTION SYSTEMS			х	х	
021 15 00 00	HELICOPTER: ROTOR HEADS			Х	х	
021 16 00 00	HELICOPTER: TRANSMISSION			х	х	
021 17 00 00	HELICOPTER: BLADES			х	х	

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTE	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
022 00 00 00	AIRCRAFT GENERAL KNOWLEDGE – INSTRUMENTATION				
022 01 00 00	SENSORS AND INSTRUMENTS	х	x	х	х
022 02 00 00	MEASUREMENT OF AIR DATA PARAMETERS	x	x	х	x
022 03 00 00	MAGNETISM - DIRECT READING COMPASS	х	x	х	x
022 04 00 00	GYROSCOPIC INSTRUMENTS	х	x	x	x
022 10 00 00	COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS	х	х	Х	х
022 12 00 00	ALERTING SYSTEMS, PROXIMITY SYSTEMS	х	х	х	х
022 13 00 00	INTEGRATED INSTRUMENTS – ELECTRONIC DISPLAYS	х	х	х	х

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTER	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
030 00 00 00	FLIGHT PERFORMANCE AND PLANNING				
031 00 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE – AEROPLANES/HELICOPTERS				
031 01 00 00	PURPOSE OF MASS AND BALANCE CONSIDERATIONS	х	х	х	х
031 02 00 00	LOADING	х	х	х	х
031 03 00 00	FUNDAMENTALS OF CG CALCULATIONS	х	х	х	х
031 04 00 00	MASS AND BALANCE DETAILS OF AIRCRAFT	х	х	х	х
031 05 00 00	DETERMINATION OF CG POSITION	х	x	х	х

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTER	
		PPL Bridge		PPL	Bridge
032 00 00 00	PERFORMANCE - AEROPLANES				
032 01 00 00	GENERAL	х	х		
032 02 00 00	SINGLE-ENGINE AEROPLANES	х	х		

AEROF	AEROPLANE		OPTER
PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
х	х	x	x
х	х	х	х
х	х	х	х
х	х	х	х
х	х	х	х
	x x x x x	PPL Bridge x x x x x x x x x x	PPL Bridge PPL X X X X X X X X X X X X X

		AEROPLANE		HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
034 00 00 00	PERFORMANCE - HELICOPTERS				
034 01 00 00	GENERAL			х	х
034 02 00 00	PERFORMANCE – SINGLE ENGINE HELICOPTERS			х	х

		AEROPLANE		HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
040 00 00 00	HUMAN PERFORMANCE				
040 01 00 00	HUMAN FACTORS: BASIC CONCEPTS	х		х	
040 02 00 00	BASIC AVIATION PHYSIOLOGY AND HEALTH MAINTENANCE	х		х	
040 03 00 00	BASIC AVIATION PSYCHOLOGY	х		х	

		AEROPLANE HELIC		HFLIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
050 00 00 00	METEOROLOGY				
050 01 00 00	THE ATMOSPHERE	х		х	
050 02 00 00	WIND	х		Х	
050 03 00 00	THERMODYNAMICS	х		х	
050 04 00 00	CLOUDS AND FOG	Х		х	
050 05 00 00	PRECIPITATION	Х		Х	
050 06 00 00	AIR MASSES AND FRONTS	х		Х	
050 07 00 00	PRESSURE SYSTEMS	х		х	
050 08 00 00	CLIMATOLOGY	Х		Х	
050 09 00 00	FLIGHT HAZARDS	Х		Х	
050 10 00 00	METEOROLOGICAL INFORMATION	Х		х	

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTER	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
060 00 00 00	NAVIGATION				
061 00 00 00	GENERAL NAVIGATION				
061 01 00 00	BASICS OF NAVIGATION	х		х	
061 02 00 00	MAGNETISM AND COMPASSES	х		х	
061 03 00 00	CHARTS	х		х	
061 04 00 00	DEAD RECKONING NAVIGATION (DR)	х		х	
061 05 00 00	IN-FLIGHT NAVIGATION	х		Х	

		AEROI	PLANE	HELIC	OPTER
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
062 00 00 00	RADIO NAVIGATION				
062 01 00 00	BASIC RADIO PROPAGATION THEORY	х		х	
062 02 00 00	RADIO AIDS	х		х	
062 03 00 00	RADAR	х		х	
062 06 00 00	GLOBAL NAVIGATION SATELLITE SYSTEMS	х		х	

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTER	
_		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
070 00 00 00	OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES				
071 01 00 00	GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	х	х	х	х
071 02 00 00	SPECIAL OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AND HAZARDS (GENERAL ASPECTS)	х	х	Х	х
071 03 00 00	EMERGENCY PROCEDURES			х	х

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTER	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
080 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT				
081 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT – AEROPLANE				
081 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS	х	х		
081 04 00 00	STABILITY	х	х		
081 05 00 00	CONTROL	x	х		
081 06 00 00	LIMITATIONS	х	х		
081 07 00 00	PROPELLERS	х	х		
081 08 00 00	FLIGHT MECHANICS	х	х		

		Aeroplane		Helicopter	
1		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
082 00 00 00	PRINCIPLES OF FLIGHT – HELICOPTER				
082 01 00 00	SUBSONIC AERODYNAMICS			х	х
082 02 00 00	TRANSONIC AERODYNAMICS and COMPRESSIBILITY EFFECTS			X	x
082 03 00 00	ROTORCRAFT TYPES			х	х
082 04 00 00	MAIN ROTOR AERODYNAMICS			х	х
082 05 00 00	MAIN ROTOR MECHANICS			х	х
082 06 00 00	TAIL ROTORS			х	х
082 07 00 00	EQUILIBRIUM, STABILITY AND CONTROL			х	х
082 08 00 00	HELICOPTER PERFORMANCES			х	х

		AEROPLANE		HELICOPTER	
		PPL	Bridge	PPL	Bridge
090 00 00 00	COMMUNICATIONS				
091 00 00 00	VFR COMMUNICATIONS				
091 01 00 00	DEFINITIONS	х		х	
091 02 00 00	GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURES	x		x	
091 03 00 00	RELEVANT WEATHER INFORMATION TERMS (VFR)	х		х	
091 04 00 00	ACTION REQUIRED TO BE TAKEN IN CASE OF COMMUNICATION FAILURE	Х		X	
091 05 00 00	DISTRESS AND URGENCY PROCEDURES	х		х	
091 06 00 00	GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF VHF PROPAGATION AND ALLOCATION OF FREQUENCIES	х		Х	

Further details of all theoretical knowledge instruction are set out in *the JAA Administrative and Guidance Material, Section 5, Part 2, Chapter 19* AMC FCL 2.125.

ANNEX XI

Appendix 1 to JAR-FCL 1.246
Cross-crediting of the IR part of a type or class rating proficiency check
(See JAR-FCL 1.246)
(See Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240)

Add reference to Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 under the title and amend table and text below the table

Credits shall be granted only when the holder is revalidating IR privileges for single engine and single pilot multi engine aeroplanes as appropriate

When a proficiency check including IR is performed, and the holder has a valid:	Credit is valid towards the IR part in a proficiency check for:	
(1)	(2)	
MP type rating	 a. SE class * and b. SE type rating *, and c. SP ME class and type rating, only credits for Section 3b of Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 	(a)
	05 017 ppolitix 0 to 07 tt 1 02 1.210	
SP ME type rating, operated as single pilot	a. SP ME class <i>and type rating</i>, andb. SE class and type rating	(b)
SP ME type rating, restricted to MP operation	a. SP ME class and type rating *, and b. SE class and type rating *	(c)
SP ME class rating, operated as single pilot	a. SE class and type rating, andb. SP ME <i>class and</i> type rating	(d)
SP ME class rating, restricted to MP operation	a. SE class and type rating *, andb. SP ME <i>class and</i> type rating *	(e)
SP SE class rating	SE class and type rating	(f)
SP SE type rating	SE class and type rating	(g)

^{*} Provided within the previous 12 months *the applicant has flown* at least 3 IFR departures and approaches have been performed on a SP class or type of aeroplane in a-single pilot operation, *or, for multi-engine* aeroplanes, the applicant has passed Section 6 of Appendix 3 to JAR-FCL 1.240 flown solely by reference to instruments in single pilot operation.

ANNEX XII

Change of Text of Chapter 5 Manual of Aviation Medicine 6.5. as follows:

.....

In selected cases, the use of oral hypoglycaemic drugs antidiabetic medications may be acceptable:

Medication	Class 1 'OML'	Class 2
Biguanides	Yes (OML)	Yes
Alpha-glucosidase Inhibitors	Yes (OML), if used as single therapy or in combination with biguanides and or glitazones	Yes, if used as single therapy or in combination with biguanides and/or glitazones
Sulphonylureas	Not acceptable	Yes, with 'OSL'
Thiazolidinedione (Glitazones)		
Rosiglitazone	Yes (OML)	Yes, without limitation
Pioglitazone	Yes (OML)	Yes, without limitation
Repaglinide/Nateglinide	Not acceptable	Yes, with 'OSL'